Accords with S. Yemen ratified

AMMAN (Petra) — The Cabinet, meeting Saturday under the chair-manship of Prime Minister Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, approved the cooperation protocols and agreements recently signed between the governments of Jordan and South Yemen. The ministers also approved the understanding reached with the Soviet Union Aug. 20 providing for reacheduling Jordan's debts to Moscow. The Cabinet also passed an experiment and the Social Security. rescriming Jordan's debts to Moscow. The Cabinet also passed an agreement between the Jordanian government and the Social Security Corporation (SSC) under which SSC will buy part of the shares of the Jordan Investment Corporation in the Jordan Phosphate Mines Company, the Jordan Petroleum Refinery Company and the Jordan Pharmaceutical Industries Company. The Cabinet approved a draft amendment of laws dealing with professional licences, the Ministry of Justice administration and the Ministry of Education employees' social security.

Volume 14 Number 4195

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AMMAN SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1989, SAFAR 23, 1410

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Ceasefire

League envoy Lakhdar Ibrahimi said a security committee he heads had agreed on a ceasefire throughout Lebanon from 3:15 p.m. (1215 GMT) Saturday.

He said the five-member committee comprising representatives of Lebanon's warring factions also ordered an end to the blockade on rightist-controlled ports and the reopening of Beirut air-

The security committee met Saturday for the first time since army chief Michel Aoun accepted the Arab League peace plan Fri-day to end six months of fighting which has devastated Beirut and killed hundreds of civilians.

The committee includes one officer each representing troops loyal to Aoun and those backing civilian Prime Minister Salim Al Hoss and representatives of the hardline rightist Lebanese Forces militia, the Shi'ite Amal movement and the Progressive Socialist Party (PSP).

A de facto ceasefire took hold after Aoun accepted the peace plan and Beirutis crowded city streets Saturday expressing cau-tious optimism that the latest peace proposals in Lebanon's 14year civil war would succeed. Syria urged a quick implementation of the peace plan which has been cautiously wel-

comed throngbont the Arab

newspaper said any delay in the implementation of the accord

might give Aoun time to change the balance of power in Lebanon. Tishrin said: "We should re-member this is not the first time Aoun is forced to announce a mere formal acceptance of a matter of consensus in the hope of the occurrence of better circumstances in the future.

This makes us insist on turng his acceptance into action." France and the United States have welcomed the decision to accept the plan, while Arab newspapers saw in the move an important step to bring about peace,

expressing at the same time fear

this might be undermined by

The speaker of Lebanon's parliament confirmed Saturday that it would convene on Sept. 30, as stipulated in the peace plan. Hussein Husseini told Reuters

in an interview that the venue for the meeting would be decided Monday. Husseini said he expected at-

least 60 of the 73 surviving deputies of the 99-seat house would attend and said they must work to reach a political solution to Lebanon's crisis to back up the ceasefire ordered Saturday.
"Any security plan will not

hold for one minute unless it is reinforced by a serious political effort," he said.

The parliament, in which Syria's official Tishrin daily Christians have a majority over Saturday.

Muslims, was elected in 1972. No elections have been possible since civil war broke out in 1975. The Arab League plan called for parliament to meet on Sept. 30 to debate a "national reconciliation charter" proposing re-forms to increase the power of Muslims, in a political system now

favouring Christians.

Husseini said he hoped that it would to elect a head of state within two weeks of convening.

"I hope that within a week of parliamentarians meeting on Sept. 30 that the political document will be approved and within another week there will be an agreement on a presidential candidate," he said.

Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi thanked Lebanon's leading politicians for cooperating with the league com-mittee which drafted the latest

Klibi thanked Aoun and Hoss and said be hoped the new cease-fire would lead to national reconciliation and the resurrection of legal institutions.

Klibi sent separate messages to the heads of state and foreign ministers of the committee member states Morocco, Algeria and Sandi Arabia congratulating them on the success of their mediation efforts.

Meanwhile thousands of refugees from Beirut flooded back



TWO children play with remaining pieces of exploded shells at Beirut's Green Line

Sharif Zaid, Qasem meet with Abbas

PLO briefs Jordan on political moves

By a Jordan Times

AMMAN — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Saturday conveyed to the Jordanian government the nutcome nf talks conducted in Cairo recently between PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat and Egyptian President Hosni Mnbarak, the Jordan News

Agency, Petra, said. PLO Executive Committee member Mahmoud Abbas met with Prime Minister Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker to brief him on the talks, "which aimed at giving momentum to the peace process in the Middle East and on the PLO's contacts in the international arena to achieve that end," Petra said.

The meeting was attended by PLO Executive Committee member Abdul Razak Al Yahya and Palestinian Ambassador to Jor-dan Omar Al Khatib.

Earlier in the day, Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem met with Abbas. Petra said the PLO official conveyed to Qasem the PLO leadership's appreciation of Jordan's support for Palestinian political moves.

Qasem said Jordan would continue to back the PLO's efforts to abrogate any progress towards and Egypt."

peace process to enable the Palestinian people regain its

Abbas, who left Amman later Saturday, told Jordan Television in an interview that Arafat's repeated visits to Cairo were aimed at coordination with President Hosni Mubarak following the intense political activities in the Egyptian capital last week, particularly the visit of Swedish Fnreign Minister Sten Andersson.

The PLO supports (the Egyptian-proposed) Israeli-Palestinian dialogue provided that the Palestinian side is composed of Palestinians living inside the occupied territories as well as those living outside," be said.

However, he added, since the Israeli government "outrightly rejects this condition there is no need to discuss other issues."

Earlier, in comments to reporters after his meeting with Sharif Zaid, Abbas attacked Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir for rejecting Mubarak's 10-point proposal over Israel's plan for said. elections in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip to choose Palestinian negotiators.

peace as he is nnt convinced in the march of peace," Abbas said.

"Shamir floated his election plan not in order tn reach peace but in the hope that he will find hurdles in the path so that no-thing happens," he added.

Shamir's rightist Likud party has apposed Egypt's proposals and its offer to host face-to-face talks between Israel and Palestinians, while its coalition partner, the Labour party, reacted favour-ably to the two suggestions.

Ahhas said the fifth round of talks between the United States and the PLO would be beld "very soon" though no date had been "We bope to move a step

forward... in our next talks with the U.S. as we don't want a dialogue for the sake of dialogue," be said.

"The United States government has to pressure Israel tn lannch a direct Israeli-Palestinian dialogue to reach a settlement in the Arab-Israeli dispute," Abbas

Abbas reiterated the PLOs commitment "to joint political cooperation and coordination with the governments of Jordan

alestinians welcome Israeli pacifists, troops expel them

ists seeking to talk to Palestinians Saturday got a warm welcome from Arab villagers and a frosty reception from troops who expelled them under escort.

At least 50 members of the Peace Now group drove from occupied Jerusalem along twisting lanes and unpaved mountain tracks, trying to dodge army road blocks and reach the West Bank village of Tukua where Palestinians had invited them to talk

The occupied West Bank's army chief, Major General Yitzhak Mordechai, banned the visit, declared the region a closed military zone and set up road blocks on the approaches to Tukua, south of Bethlehem.

In the village of Beit Sahour on

and the Soviet Union announced

agreement Saturday on measures

towards easing superpower nuc-

lear tensions and made a first step

towards seeking a global ban on

said the two sides made an agree-

ment in principle on trial verifica-

tion of strategic arms arsenals

before a strategic arms reduction

Minister Margaret Thatcher

pledged strong support for the

Soviet reform process Saturday

and declared her faith in Presi-

dent Mikhail Gorbachev's ability

to lead the country to economic

Thatcher told a news confer-

ence after four hours of talks with

the Kremlin leader that the meet-

ing was another milestone in the

dialogue between them since

Thatcher pledges full

support for perestroika

A State Department fact sheet

chemical weapons.

BEIT SAHOUR, Occupied West the road to Tukua, Arab villagers the Israelis back towards Jeruflocked from their bomes to greet the passing Israelis.

Welcome, welcome to all those who come in a spirit of peace and friendship," said an elderly man. Troops chased the villagers

back into their houses and ordered the peace activists out." On the outskirts of Tukua, a heavily-armed force of an infantry brigrade stopped the motorcade, warned that the en-tire Bethlehem district was a closed military area and ordered television crews to stop filming. Asked if the closure was a result protests in the area, the

unit's commander said: "No, nothing at all has happened — only Soldiers and police escorted

phased accord on chemical

The moves toward improved

Superpowers agree to

ease nuclear tensions

JACKSON HOLE, Wyoming treaty (START) is approved.

(Agencies) — The United States They also agreed on a tree.

blocks on the way.

Peace Now members said they would petition Israeb Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin for permission to make the visit on another day.

The peace campaigners in-cluded Sigal Schwartz whose busband Rueven, also a Peace Now supporter, was seriously injured by stone-throwers while on reserve army service in the West Bank village of Beit Safafa.

At least 680 Arabs have adied, in the 21-month-old uprising. In Falamiya, north of Qalqilya town, villagers found the body of a Palestinian they said had been kidnapped nearly two months ago. It had been dumped in a

14 firms ordered closed, 95 held in fat smuggling case

By Mariam Shahin Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN — Amid continuing inquiries into snuggling of unprocessed vegetable oil in polluted sewage trucks which surfaced last week, the government said Saturday it had ordered the closure of 14 confectionaries and related manufacturing plants and announced the arrest of 9S suspects.

An Interior Ministry statement carried by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, said that tests had revealed that the smuggled fat was unfit for human consumption and that progress was made in The statement, the first government comment on the case, said

345 tonnes of unprocessed oil were confiscated along the sewage trucks which transported them. The factories were ordered closed until further notice after it was found that they had received part of the sanuggled fat, it added. The factories involved used to produce biscuits, potato chips and other sweetmeals, it said.

ement said investigations would continue until all the facts concerning the case were clarified to ensure public health.

As news spread of the smuggling racket, local producers of biscuits and pastries were panie-stricken about the possible effects such news could have on their sales. The panie was evident in heavy advertising which appeared in the front pages of local Arabic dailies assuring consumers about the quality of their products after rumours were circulated in town that some of the well-known manufacturers were involved in the scandal.

Local supermarkets have reported a noticeable fall in the sale of some locally produced pastry products and potato chips in par-Said one customer at a supermarket: "Until we know the name:

of the factories and bakeries that used the oil, all sources are under suspicion. Our health and the health of our families is at stake: this

is no game."

The Public Security Department (PSD) and the Ministry of Health declined comment when approached by the Jordan Times to disclose the names of the concerned manufacturers. The Royal Scientific Society (RSS), which usually handles tests on foodstuffs, said it was not contacted for tests related to the case.

Inquiries made by the Jordan Times indicated that: — The saunggling operations were conducted by what appears to be an "organised gang." Identities of the gang members are yet

- The sunggled fat could have been stolen from consignments reaching Agaba and destined for Iraq for processing. While all-health and related procedures were duly followed by the ships carrying them, the sunugglers used sewage trucks to transport the fat to Amman and other areas so as not to arouse suspicion of the anthorities. Some of the truck drivers who used to ferry the fat from Agaba to Iraq are believed to have pumped part of their consignments to sewage tracks at some point between Agaba and

— According to shipping sources, about 2,000 tonnes of unprocessed oil were listed at "missing in transit" from the country of origin to Iraq in the last nine mouths, with an average shortage of five tonnes per truck reaching its final destination in Iraq. The Jordanian customs authorities now put a seal on all trucks before they leave Aqaba in a bid to stem thefts in transit.

It was reported last week in the local press that of the smuggled fat had found its way to restaurants and pastry shops in Amman, Madaba, Zarga and Qatraneh. Raw fat, which look like petrol or thin oil, is mostly used for making soap. It can be used for human consumption only after complex chemical processing, according to

It is not known yet how much of the total quantity of the oil listed ing" could have reached the local market or consumers. Doctors said until the exact contents in the smuggled fat are not known, it is difficult to ascertain its long-term or short-term effects

U.S. seen not rejecting PLO stand on talks with Israel

Special to the Jordan Times

nals to the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) suggesting that it does not object to PLO demands that Palestinian representatives from ontside the occupied territories be included in a delegation for an initial dialogue with Israel as proposed by Egypt and that no preconditions govern the dialogue, according to informed sources.

If the U.S. signals prove to be a real shift in the American position, PLO sources expect a form of dialogue between Palestinians and Israel on steps to move the peace process forward to begin before the end of the year.

PLO officials maintain that the initiation of such a dialogue will have no bearing whatsoever on the 21-month-old Palestinian uprising in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, as Washington is not referring to this issue at all in its indirect message to the PLO, the sources said. Israel insists that no dialogue, in whatever form or substance, can take place until the uprising is brought to a halt.

The sources expected the American position to be made clear to the PLO during the fifth round of talks between the PLO and U.S. in Tunis this week or

According to the sources, the U.S. "signals" were conveyed through third parties involved in efforts to break the deadlock in peace efforts. In this vein, the PLO sees the current American efforts as motivated by a desire to extract further compromises from

Palestinian elections in the occu- and the Soviet Union, or the five

spoke to the Jordan Times on condition of anonymity, asserted that Egyptian and European the last round of the dialogue, held in Tunis last month. "But, there is yet no proof of American seriousness," he said. "Until we are directly informed through official channels, we have no guarantees," he added.

One of the basic sticking points, according to the sources, was the PLO's stand that it was not enough on the American part to agree that any negotiating team could include Palestinians outside the occupied territories. delegation in public.

PLO leaders have repeatedly said that hoth the U.S. and Israel the PLO believes that "the ball is are trying to create a rift between the Palestinians inside the occupied territories and those in diaspora and that the Israeli plan for elections is aimed at achieving such a goal.

The plan, which enjoys the support of the U.S., is only a means to delay the inevitable an Israeli-Palestinian dialogue," said the official.

According to the official, the initial dialogue will not necessarily focus on elections, but on preparations for peace talks under U.N. supervision.

the framework of United Nations

AMMAN — The U.S. adminis
pied territories. permanent members of the U.N.

The PLO official, who is close Security Council," he said. tion is sending consistent sig- to the U.S.-PLO dialogue and Once Israel accepts the idea of

sitting down to talk to the party directly involved in the conflict, the Palestinians, other arrangeefforts to mediate the stalemate ments could be reached, not appeared to bave borne fruit after necessarily involving all U.N. Security Council permanent members, bc added. The Israeli positinn depends on

bow far the American administratinn is willing to push for this meeting. There is already a split between the Likud and Labour parties over the issue of the Palestinian delegation. Palestinian sources believe that the split will deepen to break "national unity" cnalitinn government. Israeli analysts say that Labour might try tn fnrm a new The organisation maintains that it coalition excluding the Likud if reserves the right to name the the right-wing bloc refused to shift from its rejectionist position.

But, on the Palestinian side. in the American court now. Any progress has to come from their side now." said a Palestinian source. "However, the PLO is taking the new U.S. signals serinnsly and awaiting formal confirmation of the American

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat bas reportedly sought European support for Egypt's two-pronged modification of the Israeli election plan and an offer to host Israeli-Palestinian talks. Israeli Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin "Our position is clear. We are said after talks with President not against starting talks with Hosni Mubarak in Cairo last Israel, but any talks should be in week that he had accepted the proposal for dialogue but the two the PLO, starting with accept-ance of the Israeli plan for dialogue could involve the U.S. composition of the delegation.

Proof emerges of bomb blast aboard UTA plane

PARIS (Agencies) — Proof began to emerge Saturday, as experts decoded the doomed plane's flight recorders, that a bomb blew apart a French DC-10 over the Sahara.

Evidence began filtering out Friday night when the French Transport Ministry revealed that investigators at the isolated desert crash site believed there had been explosives on board Flight

UT 772.
Preliminary studies of the cockpit voice and electronic data recorders, flown to Paris for expert examination, confirmed Saturday

of the sky. "Examination (of the recorder)

shows that the flight was proceeding normally, then there was a total blackout indicating a midflight explosion," the ministry spokeswoman told Reuters.

A civil aviation team is studying the cockpit recording of conversations between the pilot and crew while the digital data recorder is being decoded by military aviation experts.

The DC-10, on a flight from agency, did not elaborate.

what was already suspected — Brazzaville, Congo, to Marseille that a sudden explosion sent the and Paris, blew up over Niger plane and 170 people hurtling out shortly after taking off from Chad's N'djamena airport

A previously unknown group calling itself the Secret Chadian Resistance Saturday claimed responsibility for the bombing

The struggle will continue until the complete withdrawal of all military colonial forces from Africa." a statement signed by the group said.

The statement, delivered to the Beirut office of a Western news

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During that period, enormous changes have taken place in the Soviet Union, leading to greater political liberty and the prospect of real prosperity for the ordinary people," she said.

political, social and economic re- production.

MOSCOW (R) — British Prime newal, she said it had gone "far further and faster than any of us had imagined."

"I wanted to express my very strong support for the historic changes which are taking place in the Soviet Union under his lead-

Thatcher's note of optimism comes at a time when Gorbachev faces swelling popular discontent over his failure to revive the flagging Soviet economy which has left the country bereft of food

and many basic goods.

Thatcher said Gorbachev had briefed her in detail about the coming parliamentary session starting Monday. Much of that session will be devoted to plans to Referring to Gorbachev's reduce the budget deficit and "perestroika" programme for boost food and consumer good.

expected to sign later Saturday on weapons, first exchanging information on stocks and allowing the second and final day of talks visits to relevant military and civil between U.S. Secretary of State James Baker and Soviet Foreign The second stage would allow Minister Eduard Shevardnadze at an exchange on the sides' chemica secluded mountain resort in the western United States. al weapons capabilities and on site inspections to help verify

The foreign ministers were concluding their talks at the rocky mountain lodge Saturday amid high expectations that they would set a target date for a summit between President George Bush and Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev.

batch of accords the United

States and the Soviet Union were

The foreign secretaries also made progress towards several other arms control agreements they were expected to sign before beading to New York Sunday for a U.N. General Assembly

A senior U.S. official, speaking on condition that he not be further identified, said the Soviet agreement to separate negotiations on the space-based missile defence system and a strategic arms reduction treaty breaks a four-year deadlock.

Many lesser points of disagreement remain in the proposed 450-page START agreement, but resolution of the space defence issue could accelerate negotiations on a pact to reduce super-power nuclear arsenals by 30 per cent to 50 per cent, the official

Tunisian political year looks hotter than usual

By Jonathan Wright Reuter

TUNIS — Rumours about Prime Minister Hedi Baccouche's future, cabinet differences over economie policy and impatience among islamic militants threaten a heated Tunisian political year.

"A hacklog of problems has come to a head — the role of Baccouche, the future of the economic adjustment programme and how to deal with the Islamie opposition. There doesn't seem to be a consensus on how to proceed," one commentator said. Liberals are asking impatiently whether the trend towards an open multiparty system has run

its course. Rashed Ghannouchi, the Islamie activist wbo should arguahly be the leader of the opposition, has gone into voluntary exile. His many followers at home wait on

in political limbo. Price rises on subsidised foodstuffs in August have angered the poor. Businessmen moan that government is still cramping their

The government looks off balance and several attempts to clear the air have only added to the confusion.

Official sources have denied there are disagreements within the cabinet hut the public percepcautious press, is that something and has played down the signifiis seriously amiss.

The rumours storm may have abated... but no one can help hut draw an important conclusion that the government is riven by sources said. major differences over economic policy," the independent newspaper Al Sabah said recently.

Baccouche, prime minister their since President Zine Al Abidine nies. Ibn Ali replaced Habih Bourguiba in November 1987, has been at the centre of both the rumours and the economic de-

When he took an unexpected holiday in Europe last week after his government's rigid monetarist set out on another path, which policies were questioned, it was not certain he would return to work, political sources said.

He did come back but the rumours and the denials con-

Mohammad Ghannouchi, in an the country's future... This canapparent hid to quash the not help hut have a negative rumours, then restated Tunisia's effect on the economy, (leading commitment to the 1986 econoto) hestiation in deciding to inmic adjustment programme.

The programme envisages strict control of deficits, cuts in public works projects, liberalisation of imports and gradual privapanies.

Bacconche has suggested more

tion, expressed in the usually state investment to create jobs cance of deficits. He has also tried to distance himself from the price rises on bread, milk, sugar and other basic foods, political

> Baccouche's spokesman and the manager of the ruling party newspaper Le Reouveau lost their jobs, adding to uncertain-

The Sabah editorial, without naming Baccouche, ridiculed the type of economic policies he was advocating.

"We have only two choices, either to start producing and living within the country's means or to may have a certain popular appeal, hut the price for which we will have to pay in the near future," it said.

"The (economic adjustment) programme has become the subject of Planning and Finance Minister a debate which is dangerous for vest, for example," it added.

Ibn Ali has put off a decision on legal recognition of Rashed Ghannouchi's Nahdha (renaissance) Movement. In April electisation of state-owned com- tions it emerged as the country's second political force.

The authorities rejected the



movement's first application for legalisation in June on the grounds that the leaders still had criminal record for offences under Bourguiba.

A general amnesty hill passed the same month should have removed this obtacle but Nahdha Movement leaders say the civil service has yet to put the bill into

When Algeria recognised an Islamic political party last week, it increased the pressure on Tunisia to follow suit.

Acting leader of the Nahdha Movement Sheikh Abdelfattah Mourou told Reuters last week: "People are... worried that the current situation might lead to... an explosion."

Kuwaiti emir arrives in **Baghdad**

BAGHDAD (R) — Kuwait's ruler Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah arrived in Baghdad Saturday at the start of a foreign tour that will take him on to Europe and Africa.

Official sources said that during his three-day visit to Iraq the emir would "explore ways of consolidating fraternal relations between the two countries and discuss Arab issues, notably the Lebanese situation.

Asked whether the question of demarcation of the Kuwaiti-Iraqi border would be raised, an official said: "The visit is a courtesy one and will not touch on the border issue."

The situation in the Gulf is also likely to be discussed. Kuwait backed Iraq during the eightyear-long Gulf war hut Tehran-Kuwait relations have recently been upgraded.

Afte visiting Iraq, the emir will travel to France, Guinea, Mali and Niger.

The sources said the Paris visit. beginning Monday, would cover expanding economic and cultural relations and the Middle East situation.

Kuwaiti Defence Minister



Asked whether military issues would be raised, be said: "This is improbable during the visit, especially as the Defence Ministry will not be represented at the talks. An Arab diplomat in Baghdad said Iraq would publicly show gratitude for Kuwait's normal and heavy financial support dur-

ing its eight-year war with Iran, which ended last year. Kuwait and Sandi Arabia were Iraq's main source of finance to

Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah

Sheikh Nawaf Al Ahmad Sabah told Kuwait's Al Anha' newspaper that Sheikh Jaber would discuss "questions of joint interest, especially those of im-portance to the Third World," with French President François Mitterrand.

fight the war against Iran.

Iran denies part in Mecca blasts NICOSIA (R) - Iran denied in Kuwait, and to have supplied

Saturday any involvement in explosions in Mecca in July for which Saudi Arabia publicly beheaded 16 Kuwaitis.

The Foreign Ministry statement was the first official reaction from Tehran to televised confessions by two of the bombers implicating the Iranian embassy in Kuwait.

The explosions killed a Pakistani pilgrim and injured 16 other people during the annual Muslim pilgrimage — Haj — to Mecca.
The Saudis executed the 16 convicted bombers - all Shi'ite

Muslims and 10 of them Persian origin - Thursday. Three other Kuwaitis were sentenced to prison terms and lashings and nine were acquitted. "Iran is convinced that the

recent explosions in the sanctuary of divine peace were carried out by mercenaries working for the Saudi regime...," Tehran Radio quoted the ministry spokesman as

One of the executed Kuwaitis said on Saudi television be had received explosives from the Iranian embassy in Kuwait. Another convicted bomber said two embassy officials had trained the activities.

The programme shown on

Babylon Festival opens

the incendiary material to those accused of planting bombs in

Holy Mecca. "However, those people were never employed in the iranian embassy in Kuwait, and the Kuwaiti government is fully aware of this." Tehran Radio

quoted the ministry spokesman as There has been no official reaction from Kuwait.

Lebanon's pro-traman Hizboilah Movement Friday threatened vengeance against Sandi Arabia over the executions.

Hizbollah is believed to bold some of the kidnapped Westerners missing in Lebanon, and has also been connected in French reports to an apparent explosion which destroyed a French sirliner with 170 passengers and crew over the Sahara desert Tuesday.

Relations between Tehran and the Guif states plummetted during the eight-year iran-iraq war in which the Arabs supported

Baghdad. Saudi Arabia broke off relations with Iran in April 1988. accusing Tehran of "enemy-like"

Fighting in the Iran-Iraq war was halted by a ceasefire in Au-Saudi television gave the names gust last year and Tehran has of two people who were said to be recently moved to improve ties employed at the Iranian embassy with its Gulf neighbours.

Algerian government change aims at spurring reforms

By Michael Goldsmith Associated Press

ALGIERS, Algeria (AP) — Two hundred fifty Algerians were lined up at a kiosk in front of Algiers' Central Post Office waiting to buy their ration of two packages of cigarettes.

"It's scandalous," said Ahmad Hamoud, a government employee waiting in line. "Such shortages exist only in people's democracies, and we haven't been one of those for 12 years

Similar shortages occur occasionally in hread, gasoline, batteries, soap, milk and other necessities. In the case of cigarettes, Hamoud could stand in line again for two more packs if he had a couple of hours to kill.

Many Algerians hlame the ruling National Liberation Front (FLN) for shortages reminiscent of the Communist world. But some pin the hlame more directly on former Premier Kasdi Merbah, fired Sept. 9 by President his reform programme.

The reforms were imitiated last October after the army put down an uprising in the major cities that left hundreds dead. Many army leaders felt that such a widespread outbreak of rioting and looting displayed a deepseated dissatisfaction with the way the party was running the country.

Scattered acts of rioting continne all over Algeria. The city halls of Ain Azel, near Setif; Benyane and Djellahine, near Algiers, and Bufarik, near Blida, have been stormed recently hy crowds demanding housing and accusing the mayors of corruption and favouritism. Intermittent strikes to demand higher wages have paralysed industrial enterprises everywhere.

Benjedid, an FLN member who nevertheless has led the effort to move Algeria away from a totally party-dominated state, had been quietly working since his first election 10 years ago to purge the army leadership of

Diplomatic observers believe the army - which used to tell the party what to do - is now solidly behind Benjedid's reform

But the party is not so easily transformed. For nearly two decades, it held exclusive power under the government of President Houari Bomedienne, who died in 1978. Its estimated 100,000 employees still control every aspect of Algerian life from parliament and the giant national corporations to village councils and local foothall teams. After last year's rioting, Ben-

iedid imposed a far-reaching reform programme that allowed the creation of new parties to the right and the left of the FLN, the freeing of the Algerian press and radio from rigid party control, and the introduction of privateenterprise corporations with the help of foreign capital.

With a nationwide referendum showing acceptance of the reforms in principle, a government Chadli Benjedid for holding up those suspected of sympathising was needed to implement them Merbah of deliberately keeping monopoly, who hecame foreign widespread fears of new unrest.

with the ruling party. and persuade the ali-FLN Nation-

al Assembly to approve them. Merbah, chosen as premier, had been head of the military security service and had served as minister of health, industry and agriculture. Benjedid soon discovered, however, that Merbah lacked the

will to put the reforms through parliament. Out of idealism or far personal reasons, Merbah found the pace of change too rapid and systematically held up legislation Benjedid wanted. In particular, he failed to seek approval for any legislation to

open the Algerian economy tn private corporations, free the Algerian press or stamp out the widespread corruption. A few newspapers close tn Benjedid dared to criticise the

premier. "Without the vigilance of the president," said the weekly Algerie-Actualite," the Algerian press would today be a chorus of systematic lying.

Algerie-Actualite accused

the text of the new constitution from the public and out of schools and universities. This enabled him to claim that only the national assembly had the power to dismiss him. He hriefly defied Benjedid and said he would remain in his post as lung as the assembly had not endorsed the

president's decision. But the constitution states clearly that the president "names the prime minister and pots an end to his functions." Following a hrief constitutional tussle, Merbah had to withdraw. He and his FLN friends remain husy behind the scene describing Benjedid as "a traitor to his country."

Benjedid named the secretarygeneral of the presidency, Monloud Hamrouche, to succeed

Merbah as premier. Hamrouche announced the members of his new cabinet who were largely known Westernoriented technocrats. Most prominent among them was Sid Ahmad Ghozali, the former head of Sontrach, the gas and oil



Chadli Benjedid

minister. The ministries of information culture, tourism and veterans affairs were abolished to trim

down the government. Hamrouche's first challenge will come on Oct. 5, the first anniversary of the outhreak of last year's rioting. There are

music of ancient Iraq and its effect on civilisation. Irag to manufacture warplanes

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq says it will start manufacturing warplanes next year. The new commander of the airforce, Air Vice-Marshal Muzahem Sa'ab Hassan, told a news conference Friday: "Next year will witness the production of Iraqi war-planes... the project is in its advanced stages." He did not give details of the planes hut Iraq said in April it was seeking Soviet and French belp to huild training aircraft. Foreign military observers have said the Iraqi Air Force was working with Egypt and Argentina to produce long-range missiles. Hassan said Iraq was cooperating with Arab countries including Egypt, North Yemen, and Jordan - its partners in the Arab Cooperation Council - in missile armament. He did not specify the types of weapons involved. Baghdad has been steadily increasing its arms manufacturing capabilities and in the latter stags of the war, in which a ceasefire came into force in August 1988, deployed domestically-produced versions of Soviet-designed surface-tosurface missiles against Iranian cities.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

BAGHDAD (R) — Ancient Babylon erupted in a blaze of light and smoke Friday night as Iraq opened its third festival in the city once famed for one of the world's seven wonders — its Hanging Gardens. Fireworks lit up the night sky while thousands of

multi-coloured balloons floated overhead. The two-week festival

in Babylon, 80 kilometres south of Baghdad is intended to evoke

the glories of the 3,000-year-old Mesopotamian civilisation which

once flourished there. Folk dancing troupes, musicians and artists

from more than 40 countries including Britain, Poland Mexico.

the United States and Ireland are taking part in the festival. Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, who ordered the re-building of the

ancient city, has offered a \$1.5 million reward to anyone who can

recreate the irrigation system which fed the hanging gardens in antiquity. During the festival some 100 academics will discuss the

6 Moroccans begin hunger strike

RABAT (R) - Six Moroccan political prisoners started an unlimited hunger strike over worsening prison conditions, their families have said. Their statement said the men, all held in Safi Prison on the Atlantic coast, had been denied the right to exercise, study, watch television, read newspapers, receive visits from relatives or have contact with other prisoners. At least 12 Moroccan prisoners are now on hunger trike. Six prisoners are in bospitals in Rabat or Casablanca after fasting for more than three months to push demands for political status. The government says the men are common criminals. They all belonged to the outlawed March 23 group, named after riots in Casahlanca on that day in 1965, and were jailed after nationwide disturbances in 1984. In a separate statement, a group of 20 political detainees in Casablanca accused the government of twisting the truth in an official statement saying the six men in hospital were common criminals.

U.S. dismantles last fortified barge BAHRAIN (R) - The United States is dismantling the last of its fortified barges in the Gulf due to the diminished threat to shipping following a ceasefire in the Iran-Iraq war, a U.S. navy spokesman said Saturday. The spokesman said the barge, known as Hercules, had been towed to Bahrain from its mooring off Saudi Arabia and was being dismantled. The other barge, the Wimhrown 7, was withdrawn in December. The heavily-armed barges were used as hases for U.S. naval operations in the Gulf at the height of the tanker war between Iran and Iraq during 1987. There have been no attacks on shipping in the area since a ceasefire took effect in August 1988.

New Kabul mayor seeks justice after rehabilitation

By Bill Tarrant

KABUL — Abdul Karim Misaq. newly appointed mayor of Kabul, has come to the fore again after surviving sethacks and hard times in the turbulent world of Afghan

Misaq, a short-story writer, was jailed first by deposed King Zahir Shah and then by the Soviet-backed Communist government.

President Najihuliah hrought Misaq, a founder of the ruling People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan (PDPA), out of political oblivion and appointed him mayor of the Afghan capital last

Given a second chance as a rehabilitated Marxist revolutionary, Misaq now wants some belated justice

month.

"A group of people were harmed after the December 1979 event. It's a problem that needs to be tackled on the hasis of the

PROGRAMME ONE

19-30

22:00

in the category of people that were harmed," 50-year-old Misaq told foreign reporters at his office in the Kahul municipality huilding.
The "December 1979 event"

refers to the intervention hy Soviet forces in Afghanistan to prop up the regime of President Bahrak Karmal, now in exile in the Soviet Union. Misag was finance minister in

the government of a rival faction of the PDPA which Karmal overthrew. He spent the next two years in jail or under house arrest.

Speaking with a candour rarely heard in Kabul's corridors of power, Misaq said the Soviet withdrawal of the last of its 110.000 troops in Fehruary "not only helps in my case but also in many other spheres."

"We cannot hide the fact that the coming of the Soviet troops to Afghanistan created a number of problems," said Misaq, who was

constitution of the party and I'm also stripped of his party mem-in the category of people that bership and spent the following years jobless, writing short

> stories His return to political life fol-lows moves by Najihullah to rehabilitate old party stalwarts in his self-styled policy of national

Leninist party, the PDPA now and all for multi-party demo-

split that dates almost from the

tinue today in the feuds and intrigues of both the Mujahedeen rebels fighting Najibullah's government and Afghanistan's Marx-

Afghanistan's 11-year civil war but the Soviet withdrawal has belped the PDPA to begin to heal old wounds, they add.

"When the Soviets left, the party had one simple consideration — a reconciliation.

claims to be Islamie, nationalist Misaq was a victim of a party

party's foundation in 1965 when King Zahir Shah ruled Afgha-The split reflected the blood dehts and vendettas embedded in

Afghan society and which con-

ist revolutionaries, diplomats say. The splits have helped prolong

battle to survive," said one Asian diplomat. 'There is a strong basis in Afghan society for reconciling Once an orthodox Marxistthe irreconcilable. "Throughout their history they have fought tribal and clan wars only to say in the end "all right

the blood debt is over," Najibullah must ensure unity in the PDPA before thinking about negotiating a future coalition government with Islamie fundamentalists and a minority who would like to see the king return.

"When you look at a scenario where you hring in other groups in the game, a unified PDPA is clearly a better player than a PDPA slit down the middle," the

diplomat said. Misaq, whn for a long time was a member of the party Central Committee, remembers Najibullah "when he was a competent rank and file party cadre." He said he wants the party to reconcile with him and other members of his faction.

"The first step is waiting for the good will and understanding from the leadership," Misaq added. The party split was between the urban middle class Parcham factinn and the rural-hased Khalo group. Karmal was in the Par-

cham factinn, as was Najibullah.

Misaq was a Khalq leader. The two groups formally separated in the early 1970s. The Khalqis took power first during the revolution of April, 1978, which overthrew the repub-

hean government of Dand Khan, who had deposed the king five vears earlier.

After 20 months of intrigue, political murder and the start of the civil war with Islamie parties,

The day after the Soviet inva-

Soviet troops arrived.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

630341

sion, Khalq leader and Afghan President Hafizullah Amin was found dead in the presidential palace with a hullet in his head. Najibullah, formerly the head of Khad, Afghanistan's secret

now seems intent on restoring party unity. In June he brought back Kar-mal's hrother, Mahmood Baryalai, to be first deputy prime minister.

service, pushed aside Karmal in

1986 with Moscow's hlessing. He

Baryalai, purged and jailed in 1987, told foreign reporters recently: "there is a lot of pluralism in the world and differences arise. This is our inner party issue. I think it is better to speak less of differences than unity." "Only those who do not do

anything do not make mistakes," said Misaq. "Obviously, the party made mistakes, but that means

it's alive and doing something. "We have a saying: As long as a friend is alive, the dialogue goes

JORDAN	TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19

Programme review 15:30 15:40 Children programme Football News summary in Arabic Local programme
Give Me a Break
Local programme 19-15 Programme review 20:36 ... Arabic series Programme review
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CHURCHES

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Amman International Church Tel. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 811295. 685326. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints Tel. 654932

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be relatively hot and winds will be northwesterly light to moder-ate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

ZARQA:

Civil Defence Emera

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 33, Aqaba 35, Humidity readings: Amman 28 per cent, Aqaba 35 per **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY Dr. Abdul Wahab Awad Dr. Ali As'ad .. Dr. Fayez Jallouqa Dr. Khaled Mu'adi 743500 Firas pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy . Al Asema pharmacy 778336 637055 623672 636730 Nairoukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy

Dr. Shihdeh Al Zagh

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Electric Power Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200 HOSPITALS

Shmeisani Hospital ... University Hospital ... Al-Mussher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali ... 669131 667227/9 Italian, Al-Muhairees 777101/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich .. Army, Marka Gueen Alia Hospital 891611/15 Amal Hospital ... 674155 ZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital Zarqa National Hospital ... Ibn Sina Hospital (09)983323 (09)991071 (09)986732 IRBID: Princess Basma Hospital
Greek Catholic Hospital
Iba Al Nafees Hospital (02)275555 (02)272275 (02)247100

Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

(Terminal 1)

..... Kuwait (RI) . Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RI) 10:10 Doha, Bahrain (R.f)
... Cairo, Aqaba (R.f)
etk. Amsterdam (R.f) 10:55 11:15 18:00 New York, Ams . Paris (RJ) 18:20 Chicago, Vienna (RJ) Cairo (R.I) ussels, Frankfurt (RJ) 18:55 London (RI) Helsinki, Aqaba (RJ) 19:30 20:45 20:25 Madrid, Geneva (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

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Durra gets post at Royal Court

AMMAN (J.T.) — A Royal Decree was issued Saturday appointing Mr. Menir Al Durra as secretary general of the Royal Court. Before assuming this post Durra had served in a number of other government positions, the last of which was director general of the Jordan Radio and Television Corporation, a post which is now filled by Mr. Radi Alkhas who had

served as head engineer for the

Also Saturday, the council of ministers accepted the resignation of Dr. Fawwaz Abul Ghanam who had served as advisor at the Prime Ministry. A statement said that Abul Ghanam will leave his post on Oct. 1, 1989 to run as candidate for the ing parliamentary elections

Schools to have 2-day weekend as of Oct. 5

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

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AMMAN — Almost 90 per cent of schools in Jordan will have an extra day off on the weekend as of Oct. 5, the Ministry of Education said Saturday.

As a result of a survey conducted by the Ministry of Education, a decision has been taken to grant one-shift schools an extra day off on the weekend - Thursdays and Fridays — according to a senior official in the ministry.

The survey consisted of a questionnaire, distributed in random to government school students, parents, teachers and principals, in addition to the opinion columns in the daily newspapers that dealt with the subject, said Dr. Mohammad Obeidat, head of the Examinations Department at the Ministry of Education.

The survey concluded that 80 per cent of the people were in favour of the two-day weekend," Obeidat told the Jordan Times. "Most of them preferred the extra day to be Thursday and not Saturday.

About 2,300 one-shift government schools will have Thursday off and the classes of that day will be redistributed among the remaining days of the week, he

The survey took into consideration the economic, social and educational feasibility and concluded with a strong positive reaction that was in favour of the extra holiday.

According to the study and from the economic angle, this will belp in rationing water, electricity and the pocket money the stu-dents get for that day. It will also help in easing traffic jams and morning-noon rush hours.

"Thursdays will be dedicated to school outings, educational and cultural activities, so that students will not lose school days," Obeidat said, adding that "it will also enable them to have more time for extra curricular activities either outside or inside

The survey addressed 156 stndents, teachers, parents and principals. Teachers and principals composed 60 per cent of the total number, students about 21 per cent and parents' nearly 18 per

Another study is to be conducted on the feasibility of applying the five-day week on the remaining 250 two-shift schools, Obeidat said, noting that they compile only 10 per cent of schools in the Kingdom.

"Private schools are to be given a choice to either continue having Sundays off, (as it is a religious holiday), or to switch to Thursdays," he said.

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

ROYAL VISIT: His Royal Highness Prince Mohammad, the personal representative of His Majesty King Hussein, Saturday visited the prime ministry and conferred for some time with Prime Minister Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker. (Petra)

SENTENCED: The military court has sentenced Sa'di Abdullah Hassan Hammad to two years imprisonment and the payment of JD 1,500 fine for the possession of drugs. The military governor endorsed the sentence. (Petra)

UNESCO CONFERENCE: The Cabinet Saturday approved the composition of the Jordanian delegation to the four-week meetings of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) conference due to convene in Paris Oct. 17. The delegation will be led by Minister of Education Dr. Adnan Badran.

ASSAD RECEIVES INDIAN ENVOY: Minister of Higher Education Dr. Nassereddin Assad Saturday received Indian Ambassador to Jordan K. Gajendra Singh. The discussions dealt with means to develop and promote bilateral relations. (Petra)

CONTEST FOR CHILDREN: The Arab Artists Federation will conduct a pan-Arab contest for children entitled "My Great Homeland." The contest includes drawing, short stories, and poetry for children under sixteen. The contest will be held annually in an Arah country. (Petra)

ORPHANS FUND: The Orphans Fund has prepared a plan to invest funds belonging to more than 30,000 orphans in the Kingdom with the purpose of increasing the fund's income that benefits the Jordanian orphans themselves, according to the fund's director, Abdul Salam Al Abbadi. Addressing a meeting of the directors of the fund's branches in the provinces, Abbadi said that his organisation was keen on developing the funds which are increasing day by day and also is interested in productive projects that can also be of benefit to Jordan. Abbadi was talking following his return to Amman from a three-day meeting in Jeddah to discuss economic issues in the Islamic World. Abbadi presented a working paper to the meeting dealing with Islamic economy and held talks with the Jeddah-based Islamic Development Bank. (Petra)

JREISAT TO HEAD TEAM IN DAMASCUS TALKS: Jordan is opening talks in Damascus Sunday aimed at launching Syrian-Jordanian cooperation in oil exploration and energy utilisation. A statement here said that a delegation from the Natural Resources Anthority (NRA), which is responsible for gas and oil exploration operations in the Kingdom, will arrive in the Syrian capital Sunday to open negotiations with Syrian officials from the ministry of minerals and petroleum expected to culminate in the conclusion of a number of agreements on bilateral cooperation. Jordan, which produces sizeable amounts of gas from the Rishe Field near the Iraqi border, is seeking to intensify its efforts in search for oil with the help of Arab and foreign companies. The delegation to go to Damascus Sunday comprises NRA Director General Kamal Jreisat and two NRA senior officials. (Petra)

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- ☆ An Indian photographic exhibition "Jawaharial Nebru, His
 Life and Times" at the Students Activities Complex. University of Jordan. Opens today at 12 noon.
- Am art exhibition by Jordanian artist Omar Boom at Irbid's Young Women's Centre.
- * A photo exhibition, with video shows and booklets, on the history of the Monarchy in Sweden at the Royal Cultural
- * A photo exhibition by French artist Jean-Noel de Soye displaying photos projecting fashion accessories such as jewellery, caps, scarfs and belts, at the French Cultural Centre (the exhibition also displays slides on the history of fashion).
- \Rightarrow A plastic art exhibition by Mohammad Al Barbari and Fadwa Islai at the Housing Bank Art Gallery.

* A feature film entitled "Ragtime" at the American Centre -



New ministry unit to market Jordanian products abroad

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Ministry of Industry and Trade's Jordan Commercial Centres Corporation (JCCC) Saturday announced its intention to serve as an agent for Jordanian exporters, helping them to market their products abroad.

A statement said that the JCCC's board has decided to create a special unit to take up this mission upon the request of Jordanian companies.

The unit will receive samples and specifications from the manufacturers and the quoted prices for each commodity and then will

try to find markets for the proabroad, the statement noted. The board chairman, Moham-

Saqqaf also noted that the ministry will charge fees for its efforts only after the conclusion of any transaction.

bound to help increase the

volume of Jordanian exports.

Also Saturday, the Ministry of Industry and Trade set up a technical committee to conduct a survey of all factories in the

The purpose of the committee ducts through direct contacts is to determine which factory possesses primary materials that could endanger public safety such mad Saqqaf, said that the unit is as the leakage of poisonous gas.

The decision came after the gas leakage in a Zarqa factory which resulted in the poisoning of more than 100 people.

The committee has been charged with the task of coordinating its work with the concerned parties to conduct searches for materials. ensure all matters related to public safety and to submit periodic reports on all types of factories in

NRA, Czech institution to conduct restoration work at Karak Castle

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Natural Resources Authority (NRA) and the Czechoslovak Strojexport Institution will next month embark on a joint effort to carry out restoration and maintenance work at the dilapidated parts of the ancient Karak Castle, in southerd Jordan, according to an agreement signed by the two sides in Amman Saturday.

A statement said that work on the project will start before the end of next month and that NRA. engineers, and specialists as well as experts from the Department of Antiquities will supervise the restoration of the ancient site.

The project, undertaken by the NRA's Engineering Geological Studies Division is estimated to cost \$972,000, two-thirds of which will be provided by the Jordanian government while the remaining cost will be covered by the Czech government, according to the agreement which noted that Jordan's private sector will provide in-kind assistance to the project.

The agreement said that the project will be completed in two years' time from now.

An NRA statement said that since 1987 its teams have been conducting engineering geological studies to explore the dangers to which the ancient city of Karak has been subjected.

Such studies included detailed geological and geophysical surveys and drilling work to identify the engineering properties of the formations on which Karak Castle had been huilt, the statement

The agreement was signed by NRA Director General Kamal Jreisat and the Czech institution's representative in Amman Tibor



Accord on audio-visual aids

AMMAN - Al Quds open university Saturday signed an agreement with the Jordan Company for Television, Radio and Cinema Production under which the latter will produce audiovisual aids required for teaching programmes at the Amman-based university. University President Munther Salah, who signed the agreement with the company's General Manager Jawad Maraqa, said that the agreement marks the beginning of preparations of educational and training courses which will involve the use of audiovisual materials, computerised programmes and laboratory kits. Salah said that the university seeks to open its doors as soon as possible. (J.T.)



The Central Business District in Salt

RSS conducting Salt business district implementation plan

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Royal Scientific, Society (RSS) is currently conducting the Sait Central Business District implementation plan for Salt Development Corporation.

The plan is designed to perform a field survey of buildings with architectural heritage, to launch touristic development prosational regulations and laws related to preservation of old huild-

igs. This plan is undertaken by a team of RSS architects and economic researchers, Jordanian legal consultants, as well as British

The first stage of the plan has been completed. It dealt with a preserve and restore the incom- field survey, an architectural and parable fabric of old Salt, to economic analysis, as well as launching pioneer projects rejects, such as moseums or lated to studying the Salt Central hotels, as well as studying organi- Business District and considering the chances to convert certain buildings into museums, hotels,

and restaurants, as well as developing the souk area.

Representatives of the Salt Development Corporation, foreign experts, and the working team held an expanded meeting recently and reviewed the proposed projects. They agreed to launch a workshop once the plan ends, to explain the results to be reached

to the concerned parties. The plan, financed by the U.S. Agency for International Development, was launched in mid-1988 and is expected to last towards the end of 1989.

Conference on directing Arab women towards vocational training opens

Princess Basma calls for women's involvement in services and production

AMMAN (J.T.) —— Her Royal Highness Princess United Nations Educational Sci-Basma Saturday opened a regional symposium with a call on authorities responsible for education in Jordan and the Arab World to open the way for young Arab women to be involved more and more in services projects and the commodity production

"Educational programmes in traditional nature." the Arah World have so far been dedicated to providing women with theoretical and academic training and information, with little attention being given to the practical side which could involve women in socio-economic development," the Princess said at the opening of the conference on directing young women in the Arah World towards vocanonal

The Arah region, she said, has witnessed a noticeable pace of development in education and vocational training over the past few decades "which were reflected on socio-economic development, and opened only part of the way for training young

women in a number of trades.' 'What is required," Princess Basma said, "is more attention to the role of women in providing the needs of the local labour

Princess Basma, who is chair-person of the Queen Alia Jordan Social Welfare Fund's (QAF) board of trustees, said that the current symposium is being held at an important stage of Arah social and economic development, and when the Arah World is in dire need of advanced programmes of vocational training which should involve young omen at all levels.

"Any development plans in the Arab World ought to take into consideration the role of productive women who, apart from participating in useful work for their society, can earn additional income for their families and improve their standard of living," Princess Basma added.

Dr. Haifa Abu Ghazaleh, markets. Arah women should not be given only those jobs with man-based regional office of the respect.

entific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO), that the ministry was concerned to a great extent with the preparation of all young citizens for a practical and productive life.

The Ministry of Education is now directing much of its atten-tion towards vocational training for both men and women, and is involving vocational training with academic programmes at the school level. Abu Ghazaleh noted.

UNESCO's office director, Dr. Mohammad Ihrahim Kazem, noted in a speech that the organisation has been directing its attention to the development of women and to involve them in rural and urhan development.

"Any positive change in the standard of women is bound in yield good results, benefiting the

whole society," Kazem said According to the UNESC office here, the delegates fre::: Jordan and other Arab countries will review working papers on modern trends in providing vocational training, the role of the director of the Student Affairs media and information services to Department at the Ministry of direct women's attention towards Education, told the meeting trades, and the role of education-

Winter tourism season to start

AQABA (J.T.) — The winter season; and tourist officials said tourism season in Aqaba opens with the beginning of the coming month with the weekly arrival of 700 tourists from Europe, according to a statement by the tourism department here.

The statement said that five plane loads of tourists will begin arriving in the port city for their boliday as of the beginning of

The Royal Jordanian, the national airline, last year organised two-weekly trips from Helsinki, in Finland, directly to Aqaba during the past winter ment in July that last year's visi- abroad.

that the flights could be increased in view of the rising demand on such weekly visits.

The announcement did not

specify the European countries sending tourists to Jordan in the expected to be among those nents. countries. Last year, Jordan was visited

by 600,000 tourists earning the country some JD 230 million, according to Tourism Minister Yanal Hikmat.

The minister said in a state-

per cent over those that came to the Kingdom in 1987.

Under a 1987 agreement. Royal Jordanian has taken the responsibility of marketing Jordan's attractions abroad through coming season, but Finland is their offices in the five conti-

> Apart from hringing in groups of tourists, the offices have been organising the distribution posters, booklets and other information material in the course of tourist promotional programmes

Amman to host housing conference

- The United AMMAN (I.T.) Nations Centre for Human Settlements (UNCHS) and the Housing Corporation will open a three-day conference in Amman on Oct. 1, 1989 on housing and

development. Corporation Director General Yousef Hiyasat said the three-day conference will be attended by delegates from 10 Arab states and representatives of regional and international organisations who will review 12 working papers on housing and socio-economic de-

Committee to study water situation

in south AMMAN (Petra) — The Higher Agricultural Council has set up a committee from the ministries of Agriculture and Water and Irrigation to conduct a study on the water situation in the southern parts of the Kingdom.

The study will help assess the water requirements for the existing projects and schemes to be set up there in the future, according to a council statement Thursday.
The council, which met under

the chairmanship of Agriculture Minister Bassam al Saket, decided that there will be no further expansion in agricultural areas in the south and that the Ministry of Agriculture will stop issuing licences for drilling artesian wells until the newly formed committee has completed its work in southern Jordan's regions.

The decision was taken in view of the continuous drain on water resources, especially in the Shobak region, according to the council statement.

It said that the council also set up another committee chaired by Minister of Water and Irrigation Mohammad Saleh Al Keilani to conduct a study on the development of the badia region in Jordan, especially in the course of implementing the Hamad Basin project in the eastern parts of the country,

The statement said that the Hammad basin could help create a nucleus for the process of national badia development in the Kingdom.

"Jordan will present a working

paper on integrated development and housing," Hiyasat added. The Jordanian paper, Hiyasat noted, presents a comprehensive review of a national housing strategy which was endorsed by the Cahinet here towards the end of last year, and has since been adopted as a set of standing directives for the housing sector in the

Hiyasat, who has been appointed as head of the conference's preparatory committee. said that the conference will help the delegates to exchange views and expertise and enrich their knowledge about housing and de-

velopment affairs. He said that the following ministries and departments from Jordan have been invited to take part in the conference which being organised to mark the Arah Housing Day: The Ministries of Planning, Municipal and Rural

Affairs and the Environment ...d Social Development, as well as the Urhan Development Department, the Jordan Valley Authority, the Greater Amman Municipality, the Royal Sciennific Society, the University of Jordan, the Housing Bank, the Military Housing Corporation and the Jordanian Society of Investors in

the Housing Sector.

ALGERIAN OFFICERS VISIT CENTRE: A delegation of Algerian officers Saturday visited Nazek Hariri Special Training Centre for the Handicapped and were briefed on its activities. The Algerian officers are the guests of the Royal Jordanian Armed Forces. (Petra)

163 BALLOT BOXES IN BALQA: Balga Governor Faleh Gharaibeh has decided to assign 163 hallot boxes at polling centres in various parts of the governorate for the upcoming parliamentary election. He also called on citizens to check with election centres in order to receive their voting cards. (Petra)

Arab surgeons meeting to be held on Sept. 27

AMMAN (Petra) - The first here. pan-Arah conference by the federation of Arab surgeons will open here on Sept. 27 under royal patronage and with the participation of 500 doctors and specialists, some of them from foreign countries.

Dr. Hassan Khreiss the federation's secretary general said in a statement that the conference which has been organised by the Jordanian surgeons society (JSS) is bound to serve as a further step towards bolstering cooperation among Arah surgeons.

The federation now groups 16 Arab countries which now seeks to set up other specialised bodies within the medical fields in the Arah World, Khreiss said in a statement at a press conference sented from Jordan.

He expressed hope that the coming conference will declare the hirth of a league grouping all surgeons in the Arab World. Addressing the press conference was Jordan Medical Asso-

ciation (JMA) President Mamdouh Al Ahbadi and Dr. Abduilah Al Bashir the JSS presideni. outlining the society's programmes and objectives. The society, which was created

ence would promote cooperation among medical associations in the Arah World and would boos: medical teaching programmes. A total of 50 working papers

in 1973, hopes that the confer-

will be reviewed at the five-day meeting of which 28 will be pre-

OBITUARY

HART - Frances, beloved wife of Dr. Charles Hart, formerly of the University of Jordan (1968-1980), of cancer Sept. 8, 1989. She wishes to be remembered by all her friends and piano students in a country she loved so: much. Letters to Place Cottage, Tostock, Suffolk,

Jordan Times

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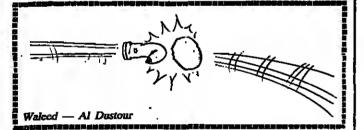
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Good news for Lebanon

GENERAL Michel Aoun's acceptance of the seven-point peace plan presented by the Arab League committee is the best news that Lebanon has heard for a long time. While no peace plan for a complex situation can ever be expected to be perfect, the Arab peace proposals were painstakingly arrived at after much negotiations with the principal parties in the Lebanese crisis and offer reasonable grounds for a permanent and just settlement. Aoun's belated endorsement of these peace points reflects his willingness to compromise for the sake of his country's interests and stability. To have opted for a rejectionist stance would have dealt a deadly blow to the only viable mediation efforts to settle the endemic Lebanese conflict. Aoun deserves to be commended for putting reason before emotions and for giving precedence to reconciliation over continued belligerency that has led Lebanon from one catastrophe to another.

The rapid acceptance of the Arab proposals by the other principal factions in Lebanon, albeit that did not correspond totally with their original perspectives, has certainly paved the way for General Aoun to yield to positive accommodation with the other partners in whose hands lie the future of

With these good news a new beginning for the reconstruction of modern Lebanon on firmer and lasting grounds looms brightly in the horizon. To be sure the process of healing in Lebanon will be long and difficult but at least the first step has been taken. The other measures that need to be taken, whether in the form of consolidating the ceasefire, lifting the blockades or halting the arms race in the war-torn country, will surely fortify the first milestone in the restructuring of Lebanon. Yet the biggest test will come when the Lebanese parliament gets convened at the end of September to effect the necessary and long-awaited corrections in the Lebanese political institutions. After so many decades of independence, time has become ripe for reviewing the existing political structure in Lebanon with a view to ents and amendments to cope w new realities and circumstances. This has been the experience of all modern nation-states and Lebanon cannot be an exception to such a process of taking stock of past, present and future events and circumstances.



JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i daily on Saturday discussed the obstacles placed in the path of a Middle East peace by Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir. The paper pointed out that the Israeli prime minister has rejected the 10-point Egyptian peace plan and also turned down Swedish Foreign Minister Sten Andersson's call for an immediate dialogue hetween the Israelis and the Palestinians to achieve peace. Andersson has said that the ball is now in Israel's court and it is up to the Israeli government to take steps that would boost the chance of peace, the paper said. In view of the fact that Israel still refuses all peace bids, and turns down all calls for an end to occupatinn, said the paper, what remains now is an allout pressure hy the international community to force Israel to accept the principle of swapping land for peace which Jordan has been calling for over the past two decades. The paper said that the United States as a superpower, and an ally to Israel can find no pretext for abstaining from a constructive step that would lead to

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily criticises the Ministry of Education for not making available sufficient teaching staff at government schools despite the lapse of one month since the start of the new scholastie year. Salah Abdul Samad says that the ministry is to be commended for taking proper measures to supply textbooks and for its continued endeavour to provide buildings to house schools. but it should be noted that some schools like the preparatory school for boys in Abu Nuseir still lacks a teacher for English. The writer maintains that such issues are of paramount importance to the students and the learning process, and in order to avoid further confusinn for the school administrations and the students alike. The writer says that the ministry which runs all the government schools and is responsible for developing the educational process in the Kingdom, ought to take speedy steps that would remedy the present nnacceptable situation.

Al Dustour daily tackled the situation in Lebanon following the reported acceptance of Michel Aoun, head of the Lebanese military government, of an Arab League peace plan to end the conflict in the embattled country. The paper said with this step one can say that Lebanon is now on the threshold of a new stage in its history, one that witnesses a full agreement, on the part of all conflicting factions, on a plan to end the bloodshed and start peace negotiations. This step opens the way for political reform which in turn can put an end to all tragedies in Lebanon and hring justice to all parties alike, the paper noted. The approval hy all parties of the peace plan, opens up wide prospects for stability and peace, said the paper, which urged all concerned parties to seize this golden opportunity and start peace talks that would ensure the unity of their country.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

The pessimists and the optimists

I WISH that the words "optimistic" and "pessimistic" were removed from the public opinion vocabulary. Too much optimism may lead to bitter disappointments, and overly pessimism may blind active people from perceiving the right opportunities for

However, my wishes will not result in the elimination of these two contradicting positions. The common ground between optimism and pessimism is the distance from reality, and the attempt to colour things in a rosy colour that they don't have if you were optimistic, or a dark colour that they don't have if you were pessimistic. In both cases it is more likely that you will go in the wrong direction, due to wrong and unwarranted expectations, and consequently make wrong decisions and talk wrong attitude towards opportunities and difficulties.

If optimism and pessimism are unavoidable, I wish that optimism will prevail in the circles of businessmen, investors and the private sector in general. Optimism in the private sector tends to be self-fulfilling because it motivates businessmen towards more courage, activity, investment, the taking of calculated risks and the betting on a better future. On the other hand we wish that officials in the government and the public sector maintain a

considerable pessimism because that may motivate them towards more conservatism, and the evasion of uncalculated risks. It makes them more cautious and alert to the mines planted along the road. A pessimistic official is normally more ready for the worst of circumstances.

At nne time during the past twelve months or so, pessimism prevailed over the mood of everyone. Officials of course were pretending to be optimistic merely to inspire hope among the people, because if we don't have hope we shall not try to meet the challenge and prevail, as there is no incentive in that case to enter into competition for a lost case.

The atmosphere has radically changed. The major and worst part of the economic crisis did actually take place and there is nothing more that we should worry about. It is more likely that the pessimism tide has exceeded reasonable limit. We have started to reevaluate the situation and discover that things are not that bad after all. The economic crisis is real and formidable, but it is containable and manageable. With some luck we can keep the situation under control, overcome the difficulty, and resume

healthy growth.

We try to understand the factors that changed the mood of the

people, at least partially, from pessimism to optimism. We don't need to dwell on these factors as they are evident. However we hope that officials and decision-makers in the government will not be carried away by the positive indicators. In the same way the Central Bank was carried away in the area of exchange rate. They should keep telling themselves that the crisis is not yet behind us but still upon us. The fundamentals of the Jordanian economy did show a tendency towards improvement, but we still have a long way to go before the desired structural changes take place in the areas of employment, investment, consumption, imports, exports, budget, expatriate remittances, halance of payments, cost of production and competitiveness.

Every trading company needs an optimistic general manager to see the wider horizon, and a pessimistic finance manager to apply the brakes and warn against risks. Likewise, we need the private sector to behave as if the crisis will ease tomorrow, and the public sector to behave as if the crisis was not a passing phenomenon. and that the recovery should not be taken for granted. The setback is always there to guard against, and officials should continue to be cautious, and push on with the correction

programme without hesitation.

Amnesty International appeals for end to judicial executions

AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL said Wednesday, Sept. 20 it had documented at least 1,600 judicial executions worldwide during th first eight months of the year but that the true number of peo-

ple executed by states was much higher.

In a special appeal, the worl-dwide human rights organisation called on six individual governments to stop using the death penalty and help to end the "cruel and arbitrary killing of prisnners beld defenceless by states around the world,"

Amnesty International's appeal to China, Iran, Iran, South Africa, the USA and the USSR came as the organisation launched a week of action against the death penalty which it describes as an extreme human rights violation inflicted disproportionately on the poor and the powerless.

The organisation says it is appealing to these six governments because a change in their practices could "turn the tide of state sanctioned killing." These appeals are part of Amnesty International's call this year to all governments to end the use of the death penalty.

At least 1,200 people have been executed in Iran this year, more than half for drug-related offences. Hnndreds were executed for political offences; Amnesty International has the names of 1,700 political prisoners reported executed after August

last year.
Of the 242 people known to have been executed in China this year, 137 were executed after early June and include people accused of involvement in the pro-democracy protests. Annes-

ty International said it feared the true total of executions in China was much bigher since the Chinese anthorities had issued a directive not to publish figures on executions of "counter-revolu-

tionaries.' So far in 1989, 37 people have been reported executed in South Africa and 13 in the USA. At least one person is known to have been executed in the USSR, with five awaiting imminent execution after their appeals for clemency were turned down. Amnesty International says the USSR has refused to publish statistics on executions for more than 50

This international human rights organisation says it is gravely concerned by a number of legal and political developments on the death penalty during the year. In the USA, where 2,210 pris-

oners were on death row at the end of August, the Supreme Court ruled that the execution of juvenile offenders and the mentally retarded is permissible under the U.S. Constitution and does not violate the Eighth Amendment ban on "cruel and unusual punishment." Amnesty International says the June ruling was a "retrograde step" which flew in the face of international human rights treaties and standards, including the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and American Convention

on Human Rights. Since the ruling was handed down at least one U.S. prisoner believed to be mentally retarded has heen executed. Horace Dunkins, aged 28, was electrocuted in the state of Alabama on July 14. The first jolt of electricity cause the electric chair had been wired incorrectly. He was only declared dead 19 minutes after the lever was first pulled.

Amnesty International says it has been appalled by the sum-mary trials and executions of people involved in the demonstra-tions in China in May and June this year. Although a number are reported to have been charged with violent offences, there has been no way of establishing whether the charges bear any relation to reality — Amnesty International says the death penalty is used as a political tool in China and fears for the fate of many among at least 4,000 people officially reported arrested after the army massacres in June.

Fonrteen men and women in Sonth Africa were convicted of murder and sentenced to death in May in connection with the killing of a police officer after security forces broke up a protest meeting. near the town of Upington. Thir-teen of the defendants were found only to have thrown stones at the officer's house; one was found guilty of delivering the fatal hlows. The 13 were conpose" in the murder hy stoning the house.

In September the Chief Justice of the Snpreme Court granted leave to all hut one of the fourteen defendants to appeal against their convictions and sentences for murder. The remaining defendant can appeal against the death

Amnesty International has learned of 12 people sentenced to death in the Soviet Union so far this year. Three of them would be

exempt from the death penalty if the new principles of criminal law which reduce the number of capital offences from 18 to six

were to be adopted by the Congress of People's Deputies. Since Amnesty International launched its worldwide campaign against the death penalty in April, one country — Cambodia — has announced its decision to abolish capital punishment. An extraordinary session of the Cambodian National Assembly unanimously adopted an amendment to the constitution on April

Moves for abolition have been under way in several other countries. In August the Italian parliament called for the removal of the death penalty from the country's military penal code. In Ireland, the two political parties belonging to the ruling coalition decided in mid-July on a programme of ac-tion to abolish the death penalty for all offences. In Switzerland there have been moves in parliament to abolish the death penalty for all offences.

In Jamaica 10 prisoners had their death sentences annulled by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council (JCPC) in London victed of sharing a "common pur- in March and July. Some of them had been on death row for 11

Amnesty International welcomes the decision of the JCPC, which, it says, could have implications for other death row inmates in Jamaica and other countries in the Caribbean region which have the JCPC as their final court of appeal. No executions have been carried out in Jamaica since a new government took office in February 1989.

In June 1989 Hungary abo-

lished the death penalty for its campaign have been encourage crimes against the state.

In Angola 50 prisoners con-victed of violent offences committed on behalf of the opposition UNITA had their death sentences commuted in June. In May the United Nations

Economic and Social Council adopted a resolution recommending that U.N. member states take steps to strengthen the safeguards of the rights of those facing the death penalty by "establishing a maximum age beyond which a person may not be sentenced to "Frime Minister of Australia were" death or executed." It also recommended eliminating the ministers, political party heads, death penalty for persons suffer-ing from "mental retardation or other political and judicial leadextremely limited mental compe-

Some government responses to ecutions.

ing, Amnesty International says.

Costa Rican President and Nobel Laureate Oscar Arias Sanchez, Uruguayan President Julio Maria Sanguinetti, Austrian Federal Chancellor Dr. Franz Vranitsky, European Parliament President Enrique Baron Crespo, Soviet Nobel Laureate and parbiamentarian Andrey Sakharov, Janez Stanovnik. President of the of New Zealand and Bob Hawke. among hundreds of government ers from around the world who signed a juint appeal to end ex-

American impotence

The following editorial is reprinted-from the London-based Middle East International.

On 30 August the Security Council of the United Nations adopted, by 14 votes to none (the United States abstaining), a resolution criticising Israel for continuing to deport Palestinians from the occupied West Bank and Gaza. It was the fourth such resolution — and the most strongly worded — adopted by the Security Council in the 20 months since the start of the Palestinian intifada in December 1987. During that time 60 Palestinians, among them university lecturers, trade union nrganisers, a newspaper editor and other leading figures of the community living under occupation, have been taken from their homes on orders from the Israeli military governor and, without a trial or even a formal indictment, expelled from the land of their birth.

The vote in the Security Council, and in particular the role of the United States, has caused much speculation. When draft resolutions critical of Israel are put forward at the U.N., the American administration (any administration) finds itself in a familiar and emharrassing dilemma. The U.S. does not like to stand up publicly and vote for practices which the rest of the world condemns; on the other hand, the U.S. is prepared to go to almost any lengths to avoid joining in a formal criticism of Israel. And the government of Israel (any government of Israel, and the present one more than most) can be relied upon to engage at regular intervals in the kind of practices which are impossible to

The deportation of individuals from their own countries is one such practice. It is contrary to Article 9 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, to which every member of the United Nations has subscribed since the declaration was adopted by the General Assembly in 1948. It constitutes a breach of Article 49 nf the Fourth Geneva Convention, the most recent and most categorical international agreement (it was framed in 1949) dealing specifically with the obligations of an occupying power towards the civilian population under its control. Deportation was classified at the Nuremberg trials after the World War II, and has

been regarded ever since, as a war crime.

Involving as it does the disruption of family life, the sudden alienation of the victim from everything that is familiar and precious, deportation is also of course a punishment of extreme cruelty (in itself enough to outlaw the practice under Article 5 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights). Whether for this reason or because the legal position is so abundantly clear, deportation as practised by the Israeli authorities in the occupied territories appears to mark the limit of American tolerance. As far as the U.S. is concerned, it would appear that the Israelis may do virtually what they please in the Palestinians in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip — beat them, shoot them, deny them proper medical attention, close their schools and universities, arrest them at will on any pretext or on none, and confine them for months without trial in a concentration camp, while their houses are demolished and their families dispersed - all this, we have to assume from their silence, is acceptable to the government and the representatives of the people of the U.S. (who continue to subsidise the government of Israel). Only when it comes to deportation, it seems, do the Americans draw the line, and then only to the point of abstention rather than of voting against a practice which the administration professes to "deplore".

In the light of the factual record, the position of the U.S. in this matter is confused to the point of absurdity: but the reality is more complicated. The American people at large cannot be held responsible for the official actions of their government; nor, in this particular context, can the government itself. The Bush administration has shown in a variety of ways that it wants to turn its back on the simplistic pro-Israeli and anti-Palestinian policy of President Reagan and Mr. Shuitz and to frame a policy of its own which takes proper account of the hopes and desires - and rights of both sides to the conflict in the Middle East. What prevents President Bush and Secretary of State Baker from achieving this is the strength of the Zionsist lobby and the hold it has acquired over the members of both houses of Congress.

The result is humiliating for the U.S. and disastrons for the prospects of a settlement. As long as American senators and congressmen are more concerned about their own political survival — and dependent for it on retaining the goodwill of the Zionist lobby — than they are about achieving peace in the Middle East, the administration will remain impotent and Israeli extremism will be given a free hand.

Pro-reform groups springing up in E. Germany

By Terrence Petty The Associated Press

- The exodus of thousands of East German refugees to the West has provided an impetus to small opposition groups in East Germany that want the nation's hard-line Communists to start adopting political

"For too long, people have only dared to express their hopes in places like bars, where it's safe. It's time we start talking about these things out in the open," said 27-year-old Klaus, a new member of the fledgling pro-democracy group Neues Forum

Klaus asked that his last name not be used, to avoid possible harassment by the police.

While the nation's powerful internal security apparatus ruthlessly goes after signs of dissent, Neues Forum activists say they still hope that now is the time for

change. Erich Honecker's government staunchly rejects the kinds of reforms under way in the Soviet Union, Hungary and Poland, saying there is no need for them in East Germany.

But Neues Forum wants East Germany's rulers to heed the call for reforms and to legalise the

"We want to keep whatever has been proven, but at the same time create room for renewal," says the group's founding charter, suggesting a Communist state ranging from 10 to 100."

with modifications. Two weeks after its creation,

Neues Forum has expanded from its 30 founders to more than 1,500 supporters nationwide, drawing from a well of discontent shared by students, lahourers and others, the organiser said. Neues Forum says it has also

received inquiries from a number

of low-level Communist Party At nne founding member's East Berlin apartment, the tele-phone rang frequently as people called seeking information about Neues Forum. Several East Berliners knocked on the door, with-

the same request. "The response has far exceeded our expectations," said Rolf Henrich, another founding member of Neues Forum who was kicked out of the Communist Party earlier this year for harshly

criticising the government. Other new pro-democracy groups are springing up as well, with a meeting of activists from across East Germany tentatively planned for sometime next month. It's not clear how many people

many have expressed interest. However, West Germany's mass-circulation Bild newspaper on Tuesday quoted East Berlin Protestant Minister Rainer Eppelmann as saying that there are "about 500 pro-democracy church groups with memberships

belong to such groups and how

The "Citizens' Movement for Democracy Now" was founded last week by 12 people including Lutheran church pastors, scientists and human rights activists. The group says it now has a conple of hundred members. Another pro-reform group, "Liste 2," was recently founded in Dresden.

Neues Forum says the exodus of East Germans to the West should be a signal to Communist authorities that something must be done soon about widespread discontent and despair among East German citizens. "People who contact us say

they have faced the question whether to also leave, or stay and try to get something done," one of the group's founders, East German artist Baerbel Bohley, said on West Germany's ARD television network Monday night. Among those making contact with Neues Forum are disillnsioned Communist Party members, the group's leaders say.

It is believed there is a growing desire among lower Communist Party echelons for political as well as economic reforms, but that people at the top refuse to

"People contact us saying they have directed a (state-owned) business for 20 years and have ideas for economic changes. They say that for a long time they have made suggestions to the central committee, but there was simplyno reply," Ms. Bohley said.

Ms. Bohley was filmed by West German TV while she was talking on the telephone with a reporter calling from a West German radio station. ARD said it was not permitted by state authorities to interview Ms. Bohley in East Berlin.

Neues Forum on Tuesday submitted official applications to Communist authorities in districts across East Germany seeking to be legalised.

The group's chances for official approval do not look promising. About 100 activists, including Neues Forum members, were arrested after a prayer service at Leipzig's Nikolai church Monday

Among them was Michael Arnold, Leipzig coordinator for Neues Forum. Arnold and the others were released Tuesday afternoon.

But activists say they will keep p their efforts for change whether Neues Forum is legalised or not, saying the only alternative for East Germans is continued frustration and despair. Henrich, one of the Neues

Forum founders, told a gathering of activists in East Berlin Monday night that a congress of all prodemocracy groups is planned for sometime next month to "formulate common goals."

"Everyone agrees on one thing. Things cannot go on as they are in the German Democratic Republic (East Germany),



Meet the energetic Simone, who has won the hearts of music lovers throughout the Middle East.

mone: A star is born

By Katia Sabet

CAIRO - She sprang out of nowhere. In less than two years, thanks to a combination of talent and a good dose of luck, Simone Philippe, known simply as Simone, rocketed to fame, capturing the imagination of millions of young people all over the Middle East.

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It sounds like a fairy tale, Almost overnight, the slim, wiry 22-year-old was propelled from the anonymity of the buge city of Cairo onto the big screen. In her first film, a recently released production titled "Yom Morr, You Helou" (A Day of Sorrow, a Day of Joy"), Simone went straight to the top. She is directed by Egypt's famous film director Khairi Bishara, and she plays alongside the now legendary superstar of the Egyptian cinema,

Faten Hamama. But Simone's swift rise to fame did not start with the film, Already a promising young singer, she came to the movies by chance. How she managed to carve a niche in the well-populated Middle Eastern Music scene is also a tale of a dream come

"I was at university studying literature," she recalled during a recent interview. "I used to sing, like everybody else sings — or perhaps I had a little more enthusiasm and knew a wider variety of songs than most. But the idea of going on stage had never crossed my mind." Attractive, though not conventionally beautiful, she might have gone into teaching, or writing, until one day it hap-pened, out of the blue. She was at the annual university party and the singer, a star everyone was dying to see, never showed up.
"My friends pushed me onto the stage telling me to sing to keep the crowd entertained," recalls the young star. So Simone took the plunge. She grabbed the microphone and, improvising with the orchestra, she sang some cur-

rent favourites. "I was delighted the people didn't throw chairs at me. In fact, I couldn't believe that the crowd was going along with me," she laughs, tossing a mane of chestnut hair. In fact, her ever-grow-. ing public has been going along with her ever since - all the way. Simone has become one of the most successful of Egypt's contemporary singers. She says it was all thanks to a family friend - a songwriter - who introduced her to producer Tarek El Kachef. After a gruelling audition, El Kachef was noncommittal and simply said to her that he would

get "get in tonch." Recalls the producer: "I im-mediately got the feeling I was on to something new, different — a young singer with a style of her own." As a new departure from making movies, El Kachef was

popular Western tunes sung in commented that Simone was Arabic; he bad several singers hined up for the project, but after he heard Simone, he decided she would do it, and she would do it made for this role. preparations, Simone read the script, and when she got to the end of it, she realised bers was alone. This girl had character, he

just a voice." And he was right: the album was an immediate success and sold thousands of copies. "Then I organised a show in a Cairo discoteque and for the first time, I saw the way Simone sang. She moved, she sang with her whole body. That may be normal in the West, but for us, it was a

said. "She was much more than

it was inconceivable," remembers El Kachef, Modern songs, with their driving beat, are made to make people move, argues the young star, and the days are over when the likes of Oum Koulsoum -- the greatest Middle Eastern singer of all time — stood motionless in front of the microphone,

huge innovation, the audacity of

Far from resting on her laurels after her spectacular rise to stardom, Simone has been working on perfecting her image — and her voice: I'm working on my voice and I'm also taking lessons in dance and posture," she says.

Recalling her entrance into the

movie world as a young singer, she explained: "The daughter of (director) Khairi Bishara saw.nie doing a song on television, just at ... the time when her father was looking for young actresses to play in 'Yom Morr, Yom Helon' and she mentioned me to him." As fuck would have it, shortly afterwards the young singer appeared on TV again, and the director saw her. "He called me the next day. I had no idea who he was, I had never even seen any of his films," she says. The director wanted to meet her and told her to come the next day, but "don't wear any makeup," he warned, "don't pass by the hairdresser's, and dress like a peasant."

Fatens daughter

Simone was astounded. The idea of acting in movies had never occurred to her, not to mention acting alongside Faten Hamama.
"I was beside myself with fear. I begged Khairi not to give me the role of a bad girl, I didn't want the public to judge me like that for my first film. He just told me to trust him. But the next hurdle was to meet Faten; I was to play her daughter in the film, so she had to approve of Khairi's choice," Simone recalls.

Meeting the star for the first time was quite an experience. "It's the strangest thing to actually meet a celebrity you have known forever, it feels like you've known them all your life, and in fact they're complete strangers," she muses. The dreaded moment was over in a flash. Faten Hamama turned to planning to produce an album of the producer with a smile and

Indonesia: tropical

forests = foreign currency

INDONESIA, Malaysia and Singapore have agreed to launch a counter-attack against Western environmentalists who campaign to persuade developed countries to stop buying tropical forest products, Rachmat Hassan reports from Jakarta.

Indonesia says it needs the hard currency earned from the sale of tropical forest products to finance its development. Forestry products are the second biggest foreign exchange earners after

Minister of Forestry Hasjrul Harahap has said concrete action will be taken immediately, and other ASEAN countries are expected

to join the campaign. Meanwhile, an environmental group has urged the government to restructure its "confusing" policies on forest management.

and concession areas are difficult to control," claims SKEPHI.

Deforestation in Indonesia has reached 900.000 hectares per year, the most serious in the Asia-Pacific rim. About three quarters of the country's total area - 143 million hectares - is

SKEPHI says Indonesia will lose some 19.5 million hectares of forest in the 1986-2010 period, The Indonesian Forest Conservation Network (SKEPHI) says present policies are focused on forest exploitation and not on the

welfare of the people.

"Regulations which require forest concessin-holders to carry out reforestation are confusing mostly due to logging activities by concession-holders who now control 64 million hecatres — PANOS.

India — today and tomorrow

India is the seventh largest country and the biggest democracy in the world. Independent only since 1947, it has made rapid strides in agricultural, industrial, technological and scientific fields. It is one of the largest producers of coal, manganese and iron ore and has made notable headway in the exploration of oil and other energy sources, with particular emphasis on nuclear and solar energy. It has Asia's largest and world's fourth largest railway system. With 6.32 million GRT, the country has the second largest merchant shipping fleet in Asia.

As the tenth most industrialised country in the world, the size of its force of trained technological personnel is second only to those of the USA and USSR. As many as three million students receive higher education in 111 universities and specialised institutes. Agricultural research has resulted in self-sufficiency in food and even led to the export of rice and wheat flour in recent years. Production of foodgrains bas gone up three-fold from 40 mil-lion tonnes in 1947 to over 160 million tonnes. India now produces 30 million tonnes of oil annually and the steel making capacity is 14.7 million tonnes.

Amid all the excitement of the

almost a non-speaking role. "I

went to Khairi and complained,

but he just laughed and explained

that in the cinema, an almost

silent part can be far more impor-

tant than one that has a lot of

dialogue," she says. Indeed, ber character, Lamia,

is a silent, secret, rather stand-

offish girl. She goes through life

without thinking of the consequ-

ences of her actions, but she pays

for her mistakes without a word.

In one memorable scene she

pours gasoline over herself and

sets fire to her dress. The scene is

gruesomely realistic ... and for

good reason. I really did set fire

to my clothes," explains Simone.

"I was in a kind of trance. If

someone hadn't pulled me ont of

there, I probably would have let

myself burn. They had put layers

of asbestos and wct clothing

under my dress and I was sup-

posed to start running as soon as it caught fire so it wouldn't burn

my face. We could only play the

scene once because all the scen-

ery was supposed to catch fire too, I felt like I had been sent-enced to death. I didn't want to

couldn't move. I screamed when I

saw the fire but my feet were

enced actress, gave Simone a talking-to and called her a silly

fool for taking such a risk, the

young singer says, "but I got the feeling she was actually quite

The rapid rise to stardom has

taken away none of Simone's

freshness and spontaneity. Nor

has it changed her lifestyle. Her

father works as an engineer and

her mother runs a small super-

market, and she continues to live

with them and her brother, a

university student, in a popular

quarter of Cairo called Shubra, in

what she describes as a "tiny, tiny

little house." But big things are

coming her way: she is working on her second film and is about to

put out her third album. World News Link

Hamama, the elder, experi-

glued to the ground.

prond of me."

anymore.

In management and production processes, modern sophisticated techniques are cvident everywhere. There is growing accent on quality. Indian goods and services are competing with the best in the world.

Industrial production has reg-istered notable progress in di-

verse fields such as steel, petroleum and petroleum products. power generation, cement, coal, fertilizers, chemicals, drugs and pharmaceuticals, plastics, electrical and electronic goods, railway engines and wagons, automobiles, ships, agricultural machinery and equipment and a vast range of light and heavy engineering goods.

India now produces and ex-ports complete plants for industries such as steel, cement, coal, chemicals, paper and paperboard, sugar, textile and jute mills, edible oils and rice milling, tea processing and power gen-

Research and development The abundance of technologic-

al and scientific manpower in India has gone a long way in aiding productive research. The emphasis on increasing the country's technological capabilities.

both through absorption, modification and adoption of latest foreign technology as well as the indigenous technology evolved through the country's own research and development efforts. has paid rich dividends. India has acquired technological competence not only in the field of manufacture but also in designing, processing, knowhow and consultancy. Again, the efforts have not been confined only to conventional techniques but include new fields of technology.

Export scenario

Industrial production has

greatly expanded and diversified. This has been reflected in the changing export scenario. Engineering goods, consultancy services and knowhow have come to occupy a significant place. Apart from exporting a wide variety of consumer goods, high precision machinery and equipment. India is supplying consultancy services, joint ventures and turnkey proects to many countries of the world. At present, India has contracts worth around Rs. 50,000 million in various stages of implementation throughout the world. Important projects undertaken by Indian companies in other countries include plants for the manufacture of textiles, sugar, cement, cables, paper and pulp, civil engineering projects including br idges, flyovers, excavation, tunnclling, water supply and sewage, architectural design and planning covering airport terminals and runways, residential complexes. school buildings and university campuses, generation of power including transmission and distribution, railway management and engineering projects, fabrica-

tion of boilers, refrigeration equipment and electronic items. India is, in addition, able to provide specialised consultancy in the fields of irrigation and flood

ting up ferrous and non-ferrous metallurgical plants, fertilizers, chemicals and petrochemicals plants, computer software and general management techniques. In the beginning of 1989, there were 179 effective Indian joint ventures in different countries. Out of these, 152 joint ventures were in operation while 27 were

control, mining and geology, set-

in operation are dispersed over 30 New frontiers

al different stages of implementa-

tion. The jont ventures currently

India has made notable progress in space research, oceanography and atomic energy for peace-ful and developmental purposes. India became the seventh country in the world to launch its own satellite Rohini (RS-I). through its own launch vehicle (SLV-3), from its launch pad from Sribarikota in July 1980. The second Rohini Satellite (RS-Dl) was placed in space in May 1981. APPLE, India's first experimental geostationary telecommunications satellite was successfully launched in June 1981. On April 17, 1983, the Rohini Satellite was placed in the earth orbit. INSAT-B was successfully launched on Aug. 30, 1983. Since Oct. 15, 1983, it has been serving the telecommunication, television, radio and meteorology programmes. India took another leap forward in space technology when in collaboration with Soviet Union, it sent its first cosmonaut,

ma, in space in SOYU7. T-11 in April 1984.

The year 1988 marks the 25th anniversary of Indian Space Programme. The silver jubilee year saw three major launch campaigns: Orbitting of an Operational Remote Sensing Satellite IRS-1A, a development flight of the Augmented Satellite Launch Vehicle ASLA-D2, and orbitting of an operational communication satclite INSAT-IC.

The Intermediate Range Ballistic Missile (IRBM) "Agni" with a range of 2500 Kms. is a feather in the cap of Indian Space Research. The "Agni" was launched in May 1989.

India has signed the Antarctic Treaty and bas become the 15th Consultative Member State. The despatch of five scientific expeditions to Antarctica and the establishment of a permanently manned station for undertaking studies in the pursuit of science have been the major landmarks enhancing the country's capabilines in the ocean sector. The country has registered itself with the International Seabed Authority for a pioneer area for extensive survey of polymetallic nodules in the central Indian Ocean.

India has also harnessed atomic energy for peaceful purposes. It has developed its technology for installing atomic power plants.
The commissioning of the indigenously designed and built 100 MW research reactor, Dhruva, at Trombay, the commissioning of the second unit of Madras Atomic Power Station by the Fast Breeder Test Reactor at Kalpakkam, are the three recent milestones in the Indian nuclear prog-

Psychiatric disorders frequent companion of sleep problems, study finds

By Brenda C, Coleman The Associated Press

CHICAGO - More than a third of the millions of Americans who suffer from serious sleep disturbances may also have psychiatric difficulties, including depression and panic, attacks, a study indi-Researchers who analysed data

cry or show I was scared out of my wits. And I just stood there, I didn't know what I was doing on 7,954 people found that 40 per I remember thinking how way. Everyone around me was shouting 'Rnn, run,' but I

cent of those with insomnia and 46.5 per cent of those who sleep excessively, a condition called hypersomnia, also had psychiatric

Psychiatric problems included major depression, anxiety disorders such as phobias and panic attacks and alcobol abuse, the researchers reported in The Journal of the American Medical Association.

About 6 per cent of the general adult population suffers from serlous sleep disturbances, the lead researcher, Dr. Daniel E. Ford of Johns Hopkins Hospital in Balti-more, said in a telephone interview. Ford was with the National Institute of Mental Health, which did the study.

clear whether the psychiatric disorders caused the sleep disturbances or vice versa.

However, follow-up interviews year after the initial screening indicated that subjects with sleep disorders were much more likely to develop new mental disorders, especially depression, than nonsleep disturbed subjects, the researchers said.

For example, people who had insomnia at both the first and second interviews were almost 40 times more likely to develop major depression than those who the study found

Insomniacs also were more than six times as likely to develop anxiety disorders and more than twice as likely to start abusing alcohol as peaceful sleepers

"Ultimately, answering the question of which comes first will require an intervention trial, in which you try to see if treating the sleep disorder reduces the number of people with anxiety or depression," Ford said.

The 7,954 subjects were adults over 18 chosen from representative households in Baltimore, Los Angeles and Durham, North Of that number.

per cent were insomniacs and 3.2 per cent had hypersomnia, Ford said the connection between sleep disorders and psychiatric disturbances isn't

appreciated. "Ooly about 30 per cent of the people that had sleep disturbances that saw a general physician said they discussed their mental health condition," he said.

An editorial accompanying the study in the Journal agreed, saying the high prevalence of psychiatric problems among people with sleep disorders was a

Bikes help protect environment, but mostly the poor pedal

money into automobile manufac-

By David Briscoe The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — The bicycle can belp solve some of the world's pollution and economic problems, but its usefulness often is stifled by the stigma of being a poor person's vehicle, a new study says.

In the United States there is nearly one bike for every two people, but many Americans drive cars to health clubs where they ride stationary exercise bikes, said the researcher Marcia D. Lowe in a recent report.

In countries that have fewer cars, she said, bikes carry com-

muters, debver milk, haul squeal-ing pigs, and deliver the mail. Worldwide, 800 million bicycles outnumber cars 2-to-1.

By contrast, the United States built 6 million bikes and 8 million cars in 1987. China, in the same year, produced 41 million bikes and 4.065 automobiles. Lowe said in "The Bicycle: Vehicle for a small planet," a Worldwatch Institute report.

The institute is an independent, non-profit research organisation that analyses environmental and economic issues.

Many countries that should be producing and using more bicycles and tricycles are pouring

turing, roads and industries to support a mode of transportation most of their population cannot afford. Lowe said at a briefing on

the report.
"One of the greatest ironics of the 20th century is that around the globe, vast amounts of such priceless things as land, petroleum and clean air have been relinquished for motorisation and yet most people in the world will never own an automobile," she said.

Nearly \$1 billion in U.S. oil imports could be saved if 10 per cent of Americans switched to bicycles for at least part of their

who practices what she preaches in traffic-clogged Washington. Bicycle promotional groups say

hundred pedals to work in the United States. Some of the poorest countries are hostile to pedal traffic because bicycles are viewed as 'vehicles of the poor," said

In Jakarta, Indonesia, she said, city officials confiscate 100,000 bicycle ricksbaws over the past five years and dumped them into

the sea.
Michael Replogie, president of
the Insotute for Transportation

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governments to put less emphasis on expensive road building and less than one commuter in a more on producing vehicles peo-ple can afford and use. Lowe's report says many roads in poorer countries are more useful for drying beans and peppers

and Development Policy, said his

organisation tries to encourage

than moving traffic. The Netberlands and Denmark are the most bicycle-oriented of the developed countries, the report says. The .Netherlands has the world's bighest densityof both bicycle lanes and cars, it says,

while 32 per cent of Danish com-

muters bicycle to work.

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Jordan plans austere '90 budget

AMMAN (R) — Finance Minister Basel Jardaneh, in remarks published Saturday, said the government planned an austerity budget for calendar 1990 that would improve the balance of payments and narrow the budget deficit.

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

DUBAI (R) — The Gulf's largest free trade zone in Dubai expects to attract new investments worth more than \$400 million

by 1990, the zone's chairman has said. "Investmen will exceed \$1

billion in 1990 due to growing interest by world companies after the end of the Iran-Iraq war," Sultan Ibn Sulaim told reporters. The zone at Jebel Ali has attracted about 240 foreign firms which

have invested nearly \$600 million since it was set up in 1985.

NICOSIA (R) - Iran has said it was studying plans to export

natural gas to several Gulf states. Hussein Sohhaninia, a member

of the Majlis (parliament) foreign relations committee, said the

move was in line with instructions by President Ali Akbar

Hashemi Rafsanjani to improve Iran's relations with its neigh-

bours. "The president singled out gas exports to some of the Gulf

countries as conducive to promotion of ties with them," Sohhani-

ma was quoted by the Iranian news agency IRNA as saying. Iran,

which has the world's second largest reserves of natural gas after

the Soviet Union, has embarked on ambitious plans to increase

MADRID (AP) - A joint venture between Conoco, Phillips

Petroleum and Repsol S.A. bas discovered oil and gas in Egypt's Western Desert, Respol has amounced. In a note, Repsol said a well in the South Umharka concession had tested 2,760 barrels of

oil per day from several zones. The South Umbarka concession is

being drilled by the Spanish company's subsidiary, Repsol Exploracion, along with partners Phillips Petroleum International

Corporation Egypt and Du Pont subsidiary Conoco South

Umbarka Ltd, the note said. It said the companies were

conducting a seismic survey to assess further drilling and

FRANKFURT (R) — West German industry is meeting booming

demand for its products by sanctioning overtime rather than

hiring more workers, the country's largest union has said. IG

Metall, which covers the steel, engineering and auto sectors, said in a statement that workers in those industries had worked around

283 million hours worth of overtime in 1988. It said about 190,000

jobs could have been created if firms had met surging demand by hiring more workers. A union official told Renters: "Even more overtime has been worked this year, according to polls we've

taken." West German companies have been reporting record profits for 1988 and the first half of this year and the economy is

set for its highest growth of the decade. But this growth has done

little to reduce West Germany's army of unemployed, which still numbers nearly two million, a level it first reached in 1982.

ANKARA (R) - Turkey and India want to increase bilateral

trade to \$300 million a year, compared to \$205 million in 1988, Turkish Transport Minister Cengiz Tuncer has said. The two

countries are to consider joint ventures in third countries, Tuncer

told reporters. Turkey and India are increasing cooperation in

agriculture, petrochemicals, science, technology and tourism.

SEOUL (AP) — Korean Air (KAL) hopes to begin flights to Australia and Italy next year and will hold talks with Brazil and

Iran on establishing air service, according to a report. Yonhap,

the South Korean news agency, quoted an unidentified transport

ministry official as saying the Seoul government hopes to see

service from Seoul to Sydney and Rome from next year. The report said Australia's Qantas Airways and Italy's Alitalia had

hlocked service by Korean Air, but the official said Seoul believes accords can now be reached. "The rising status of Seoul as a world

air traffic centre are making it easier to expand our air travel

realms," the official was quoted as saying. Korean Air now serves 27 cities in 18 nations. The report said officials want to increase that to 40 cities in 25 nations by 1993. Asiana, a new private South Korean airline that offers domestic service, plans to begin international service next year with flights to Japan and South East Asia, the official said.

TUNIS (R) - Shell Tunirex, an exploration subsidiary of Royal

Dutch Shell, has found encouraging traces of oil in a concession in

northeast Tunisia, the national economy ministry has said. First tests at 2,600 metres produced a flow of 1,200 barrels a day of medium-quality crude, it said. The test well is onshore at Somaa, 60 kilometres southeast of the capital on the Cap Bon peninsula. It is in the Cap Bon-Gulf of Hammamet concession. A ministry

statement said further tests were needed before the economic importance of the find could be jndged. Tunisia produces about 100,000 barrels of crude a day. Production has been falling in recent years because new discoveries have not compensated for

Turkey, India aim for \$300m trade

S. Korea seeks wider air service

Tunisia reveals promising oil find

Germans prefer overtime to new jobs

Companies discover more oil in Egypt

Iran plans gas exports to neighbours

Dubal free zone eyes \$1b investment

daily Sawt Al Shaab and the Saudi Arabian newspaper Al Jazira, Jardaneh said the 1990 state budget would reflect the spirit of the economic reform plan reached with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) in

Ale said the expected budget would put spending at 1.090 bil-lion dinars (\$1.7 billion at official rates) compared to this year's projected spending of 1.035 biltion dinars (\$1.68 billion).

Jardaneh said the budget anti-cipated revenues of 960 million dinars (\$1.5 billion), leaving a deficit of around 130 million dinars (\$211 million), or 10 per cent of the gross domestic product (GDP).

He said local revenues would be increased by around 15 per

revenue from gas exports.

exploration.

In an interview with the Arabic. cent in 1990 while public spending would not exceed eight per cent, a formula that would help

reduce the hudget deficit. Jardaneh left for Washington Friday to attend the annual meetings of the IMF and the World Bank and no finance ministry official was immediately available for further comment.

The IMF programme aims to reduce the budget deficit from about 25 per cent of GDP in 1988 to six per cent in 1993 and to cut the balance of payments deficit.

It also aims to rebuild the foreign exchange reserves to the equivalent of three months' exports by 1993 and to achieve GDP growth of four per cent in 1991, compared to a 3.5 per cent fall in 1988.

Jordan, facing a foreign debt of

economic difficulties when a foreign exchange shortage forced it to devalue the dinar by more than 40 per cent of its dollar value.

In July, it won agreement from the Paris Club of major Western creditor nations to reschedule debt repayments due this year

Amman has also reached an agreement in principle with the Soviet Union and the London creditors to delay repayments due in 1989 and 1990.

Before rescheduling, Jordan faced repayments of \$1.21 billion save up to \$200 million in foreign this year and \$1.28 billion next import of such items.

Jardaneh said a year-long ban on more than 12 consumer items, including cars and television sets, air conditioning units, marble, granite and artificial flowers. would be lifted by the end of this on these 12 items.

The former government of Prime Minister Zaid Al Rifa'i imposed the ban in November to exchange that was spent on the

Jardaneh expected Jordan's imports of such commodities to drop after the ban is removed because of the dinar's devaluation and higher import fees imposed

'Sudan must speed up reforms'

KHARTOUM (R) — Sudan must accelerate efforts to fix its ailing economy before it will get the massive foreign aid it needs, foreign bankers and economists said Friday.

They said despite its decision to gradually reduce subsidies on basic items, Sudan appeared to be paying only lip service to the more drastic reforms prescribed by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and other foreign

creditors. Finance Minister Saved Ali Zaki left for Washington Friday for the annual meeting of the IMF and World Bank, carrying an economic reform plan for dis-

Details of the plan, which Sudan hopes to implement with foreign funds, have not yet been disclosed.

"The rhetoric is encouragingand the measures taken so far are also useful," a senior Khartoumbased banker told Reuters.

"But most of the ministers and officials I meet seem not to have a clear idea of what to do next," he

The country's military junta, which seized power in a coup on June 30, raised bread prices by 25 per cent last week and said it planned the same for other heavi-

Sudan, with a population of about 5 million, has not been able to fully servic its estimated \$14 billion foreign deht since the early 1980s.

It has an annual inflation rate of nearly 100 per cent and has been hit since 1984 by drought, floods, famine and invasions of

A long-running civil war in its southern region is sapping its limited resources.

The bread price hike was introduced one month ahead of scheduled talks in Khartoum with the IMF, the first between the two sides since the junta took power

Third World urged to seek private aid for energy projects

MONTREAL (R) — Third ing energy demand throughout World countries must seek more the world. World countries must seek more private investments to finance an estimated \$100 billion per year in energy development costs, delegates at the World Energy Conference have said.

The World Bank and the pubper cent of the \$100 hillion needed, so the rest has to come from the private sector," said Anthony Churchill, director ofenergy for the World Bank.

Churchill, participating in a panel discussion, said \$80 to \$100 billion per year over the next 10 years was needed to meet grow- tel Group Inc. "The smaller the

Energy demand from developing countries will more than double from 1985 to 2020, according to a World Energy Conference

Some members of the private lic sector can only contribute 20 sector at the conference supported the idea of investment in the Third World.

"Developing countries represent important markets for developed country suppliers of equipment and services for the power sector," said Cordell Hull, executive vice president of Bech-

project, the easier it is to attract private risk capital," he added. Keith Palmer, bead of natural resources and utilities group of N.M. Rothschild in the United Kingdom, said he believed banks in the future would more readily lend to well-secured private sector projects than the public sector in the Third World.

Others were not so enthu-

"There's no direct incentive, except when we can get direct loans," a utility sales manager for a major U.S. corporation told

Michelin buys Uniroyal Goodrich

AKRON, Ohio (AP) - French Clayton and Dubilier Inc., which tire giant Michelin Group has agreed to acquire Uniroyal Goodrich Tire Co. in a deal valued at \$1.5 billion, Michelin

announced Friday. The acquisition will sharply boost the size of Michelin, already one of the world's largest Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co. for the title of world's biggest.

Michelin will pay \$690 million for Uniroyal and will assume \$810 million in debt, company officials

"We believe this is fine oppor-tunity for the Uniroyal Goodrich Tire Company," said B. Charles Ames, chairman of Uniroyal. Ames also is a principal in the New York investment firm

THE BETTER HALF

acquired Uniroyal Inc. in 1985 to help it thwart a bostile takeover by Carl C. Icahn.

Uniroyal Goodrich was formed in 1986 as a 50-50 joint venture with the tire operations of B.F. Goodrich Co., and Clayton and Dubilier bought out Goodrich's interest last year for more than \$225 million.

"We are confident that Michelin's additional financial and technological resources will make an important contribution to the Uniroyal Goodrich Tire Company's future," Ames said.

Uniroyal Goodrich will be operated as a subsidiary of the Michelin Group. Uniroyal Goodrich will keep its headquarters in Akron and will continue to make

By Harris

and distribute Uniroyal, B.F. Goodrich and other brands of Michelin Group is based in

Clermont Ferrand, France. Michelin, which has U.S. headquarters in Greenville, South, Carolina, employs 16,000 people at eight tire plans in the United tates and Canada. Uniroyal Goodrich own seven

plants in the two countries and employs some 18,500 workers. Uniroyal will continue to have its own board of directors and

retain its corporate identity, said

Michelin spokesman Jim Morton. The Michelin Group reported 1988 sales of \$8.7 billion. Uniroyal Goodrich had sales of \$2.2 billion in 1988.

Goodyear had sales of about \$11 billion last year. "We expect to see positive

results both short-term and longterm, when Michelin's technology and research are added to our own capabilities," said Sheldon Salzman, president and chief operating officer of Uniroyal Goodrich.

"This transaction will mean continued joh security for our employees and a stronger Uniroyal Goorich in the future," he

YEAH, CHUCK, I'M CALLING YOU

PLAY FOOTBALL WITH ... MARCIE

BECAUSE I NEED SOMEBODY TO

IS JUST TOO WEIRD ...

MUTT, I JUST SAW YOUR WIFE DRIVING YOUR NEW CAR UP THE DRIVEWAY AND PUT

GARAGE!

IT INTO YOUR

Weekly Amman Financial Market trading AMMAN (J.T.) — The following table summarises trading activities at the Annual Financial Market starting Saturday Sept. 16, '89 and ending Wednesday Sept. 20, '89. (Figures in Jordanian dinats).

Banking and financial institutions Industrial Development Bank

1.000 **¥** 2.350 1.410 1.400 1.860 1.000 000.1 5.000 Cairo Amman Bank SIE Bank of Jordan 3,520 I (XX) Jordan Investment and Finance Bank 1.000 Finance and Credit Corporation 1.000 National Financial Investments 1.590 2.610 1.000 1.000 1.000

Pordan Securities Corporation Real Estate Financing Corporation Beit Al Mal Saving & Investment for Housing Insurance and reinsurance

Middle East Insurance 1.000 Jordan French Insurance 393790 1,920 711232 1.880 1,000 REFCO Life Insurance 1.000 2.850 1.180 11127 1 000 1 (100) Yarmouk Insurance and Reinsurance 1.000 Holy Land Insurance 1.000Philadelphia Insurance
Arab Union International Insurance 1.520 1.000 1.600 1.600 Jerusalem Insurance 1.000 1.000General Arabia Insurance 1.000 National Ahliya Insurance
Arab Belgian Insurance and Reinsurance 1.520 1.000

Services and industries 1.000 1.020 1,000 1,000 Darco for Housing and Investment 0.630 0.620 0.350 Real Estate Investment (Agarco) 1.000 Jordan Gulf Real Estate Investment Jordan Leasing Corporation
Petra Enterprises and Leasing Equipments
Equipment Leasing & Maintenance/Ta'jeerco 0.678 1.090 1.000 International Contracting & Investment 1.430 1.420 Jordanian Electric Power 1.000 1.000 1.000 Irbid District Electricity 1.640 1.650 290238 Hotels and Tourism
United Middle East and Commodore Hotels..... 0.5004.600 1.650 1.000 1.000 1.000 Garage Owners Federation Office Jordan National Shipping Lines Jordan Press Foundation

Jordan Press and Publishing

Dar Al Shaab Press, Printing and Publishing 1.110 1.000 27910 98236 546220 4.780 2.480 Intermediate Petrochemical Industries 1,000 Arab Chemical Detergent Industries

Jordan Kuwait for Agricultural Products Jordan Sweets and Chocolate Manufacturing Aladdin Industries
Arab Aluminium Manufacturing 2.440 2.080 5.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 90015 Jordan Worsted Mills Jordan Ceramics

Chemical Industries

Jordan Industries and Match (JIMCO) 1.460 3.450 635010 Dar Al Dawa' for Development and Investment National Steel Industries Universal Chemical Industries Geoeral Mining
Jordan Petroleum Refinery Jordan Lime & Brick Arab Paper Converting and Trading Arab Investment and International Trade 30303 1.000 0.510 1.000

Jordan Wooden Industries (JWICO) 9762 2.930 Livestock and Poultry 2.550 Jordan Pipes Manufacturing
Rafia Industrial for Plastic Bags 2.600 149521 5.870 Jordan Paper and Cardboard 29203 5.600 Jordan Rockwool Industries 1.600 1.650 Trans-Jordan Minerals Research 1766 0.830 0.810 Jordan Himeh Mineral Orient Dry Batteries Factory

National Cable & Wire Manufacturing 565130 Jordan Spinning & Weaving 863988 187490 Jordan Cement Factories

SO LONG,

SO WHAT? SHE ALWAYS DRIVES

CHUCK

Grand total 4,288,842 7,808,919

Woolen Industries

Jordan Tobacco and Cigarette

Arab Center for Pharmaceuticals & Chemicals

Jordan Precast Concrete Industry

ASK HIM

LOVES ME

IF HE STILL

BUT SHE DROVE YOUR

CAR INTO

THE GARAGE!

Jordan Glass Industries ...

HARRIS "Over the years our love has blossomed and flowered, but I've devel-

oped an allergy to the pollen."

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee Unacramble these four Jumbles **ALIVA** IRATT **GABLEN** THEY SAID THE MOVIE HAD A HAPPY ENDING BECAUSE EVERYONE WAS THIS. MODCEY Now arrange the circled letters to

Jumbles: AGENT SCOUT WINTRY HAWKER

Answer: Money can be lost in more this— WAYS THAN "WON"

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Saturday, September 23, 1989

Japanese yen (for 100) Dutch guilder 418.9 423.1 277.8 280.6 92.6 43.5 93.5 43.9 Swedish crown Italian lira (for 100) Belgian franc (for 10)

Mutt'n' Jeff

eanuts





Andy Capp

(Answers ternorrow)

I HEAR TED'S DIVORCE HAS COME THROUGH, ANDY, LUCKY DEVIL, EH? FREE AS A BIRD NOW, COME AND GO AS HE

1.000

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1.000 1.000 1.000

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1.020

2.050

2.070

0.990

HE NEVER WOULD

THE QUESTION, MARCIE

HAVE UNDERSTOOD

GARAGE DOOR

CLOSED?

1958

DIDN'T

ASK HIM

Amman Little League Soccer scores

Friday, Sept. 22, 1989

Wang (1)

Jordan Express (3)

Int. Traders (1)

TOTS

7-Up (0) **V**5 Konica (1)

JUNIORS A.I.C.I. (2) Volvo (0) Mr. Chips (1) Pirelli (1) Jordan Insurance (0) Apple (2) Budget (0) MIDS

Arab Bank (2) Jordan Ornamin (1) Al-Hikma (0) Danish Dairy (3) Westinghouse (4) NECC (2)

SENIORS

Cairo Amman Bank (3) Pan Am (1) Nash/Ebb (3) Aramex (2)

Soccer Standings as of Sept. 22,

TOTS GA PTS · GF Wang Int. Traders Jordan Express Intercon 7-*U*p Konica JUNIORS A.I.C.I Apple Pepsi Mr. Chips Volvo 1 Pirelli Budget Jordan Insurance MIDS Arab Bank Danish Dairy Westinghouse Al-Hikma Jordan Ornamin NECC SENIORS Cairo Amman Bank Nash-Ebb Pan Am Aramex

GOREN BRIDGE

East-West vulnerable. South NORTH ·. 4 × K Q 6 7 J 10,83 . 1 WEST EAST ♦ K Q ★ J 9 7 3 0 10 9 8 6 4 3° # 8 6

SOUTH AAJ VAK965

The bidding:
South West North East
1 ♥ Pass 3 ♥ Pass
6 ♥ Pass Pass Pass
Opening lead: King of ♦ We first encountered this the in a hand declared by one of the world's great players, Ira Rabin of Paramus, N.J. He made his contract. See if you can do the same, even looking at all four hands.

Six hearts can be reached on a straight power anction such as the choice. When North theart fourabove. When North shows fourcard heart support and a hand worth 13-15 points, South has

enough to jump to slam because he has first or second-round control of all suits and a hand just a little short

THE Daily Crossword by William Canaling

of a demand bid. West led the king of diamond and the first impression of the possi-· bilities is that the slam depends either on bringing down the queen of hearts or, if her majesty does not drop, getting a 3-3 club break or felling the jack of clubs in the shorttrump hand. So declarer took his ace of diamonds and cashed the ace of trumps, to learn the bad news— West held all four missing trumps. Now declarer needed to get rid of

both diamonds before losing a trump trick. One would go on a high spade, and the other would have to on the fourth round of clubs However, a 3-3 club break would no longer do-West would ruff the

no longer do—West would ruff the fourth club and still have the queen of hearts for the setting trick.

The only way declarer could accomplish his goal is if West started with specifically four clubs and three spades. Declarer cashed the queen and king of clubs in case East started with a doubletter lack. When started with a doubleton jack. When that chance failed to materialize, de-clarer boldly finessed the ten. When East showed out, South's card-reading was rewarded. He got rid of both losing diamonds as West fol-lowed helplessly, then surrendered a trick to the queen of hearts. His lest three tricks.

American, National baseball

NEW YORK (R) - Results of major league baseball games played on Friday:

American League

Kansas City Royals Seattle Mariners New York Yankees Boston Red Sox Oakland Athletics Toronto Blue Jays Chicago White Sox

Scattle Manners Kansas City Royals Baltimore Orioles Detroit Tigers Minnesota Twins Milwankee Brewers Texas Rangers

California Angels at Cleveland Indians postponed-rain

National League

Chicago Cubs New York Mets Cincinnati Reds St. Louis Cardinals Los Angeles Dodgers Houston Astros

Pittsburgh Pirates Montreal Expos Atlanta Braves Philadelphia Phillies San Diego Padres San Francisco Giants

1 (10 innings)

SPORTS IN BRIEF

PLAYERS, OFFICIALS FACE TRIAL: Fifteen Czechoslovak soccer players, three team officials and four referees are to go on trial on charges of bribery and match-rigging, the Commu Party daily Rude Pravo said Saturday. The players, all from the first division club Frydek Mistek, have already been suspended from playing for periods ranging from four to 18 months by the Czechoslovak Football Association after admitting receiving bribes. The association said the players bad deliberately lost to a team threatened by relegation at the end of last season.

BARBECUE MISHAP RULES OUT NOAH: Yannick Noah will be out of tennis for over a month after burning himself while trying to light a harbecue, his doctor said Friday. The Frenchman, world-ranked 14th, received second degree burns to his right thigh last Monday after a can of petrol exploded and set light to his trousers. His doctor, Dominique Leviet, said the burns would take at least three weeks to heal and he would need to rest for at least a month. Noah will miss a tournament in Switzerland starting on October 2 and is unlikely to play in the Paris grand prix beginning on Oct. 30.

Budd's father killed

By Greg Myre The Associated Press

JOHANNESBURG, South Africa — The father of track star Zola Budd, who was estranged from his daughter for the past several years, has been fatally shot in an apparent murder, police said Friday.

Frank Budd, 56, suffered two shotgun wounds to his left side Thursday evening at his farm near the central city of Bloemfontein, said Sgt. Marelize Visagie. She said a pickup truck and a shotgun were missing from the

Zola Budd and her father did not communicate in recent years and he did not attend his daugther's April 15 wedding in Bloem-

"I don't know what to say, What can a person say?" Zola Budd said upon learning of ber father's death.

Budd, a retired printer, was divorced from Ms. Budd's mother and lived alone. The independent South African Press Association described Budd as a "bitter man" estranted from most

of his family.

According to various reports,
Ms. Budd and her father argued

frequently after she left South Africa for Britain in 1984 so she could compete internationally.

Ms. Budd was burriedly granted a British passport that year so she could compete in the 1984 summer Olympics in Los

South African athletes are barred from international competition because of the country's apartheid policies of racial seg-



TENNIS TOURNAMENT: Under the patronage of Lt.-Gen Dr. Daood Hanania, the president of the Jordanian Tennis Federation, the YWCA Tennis Tournament finals were held for boys and girls under 17 years of age. Forty four boys and girls participated for eight days starting Sept. 15 and ending on Sept. 22 with four finals for boys and girls of two age groups. May Daood Hanania won the cup for girls under 15 years of age. Ramzi Halabi won the cup for boys under 15 years of age. Ranz Kuwar won the cup for girls under 17 years of age. And Hussein Badr Eddin won the cup for boys under 17 years of age. Dr. Hanania (above) distributed medals to all participants and judges.

EGYPT'S AHLI WINS CHAMPIONSHIP: Egypt's Ahli soccer team won the Afro-Asian championship of League Cup Winners Friday by defeating Japan's Yomiuri Club 1-0 in a match that was attended by President Hosni Mubarak. Ahli's only goal came in the 40th minute wheo striker Tahir Abu-Zeid scored by the head from a ball Yomiuri's goal keeper Dirk Havenaar repulsed from a kick by Egyptian forward Mohammad Abdul Galil who bypassed Yomiuri's backleft Gorge Toledo. The Egyptian team outplayed the Japanese and missed at least five golden chances especially one at the 85th minute when Hossam Hassan came face to face with Havenaar but was too slow and his kick went too high.

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HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1989 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The early part of the day as we feel the effect of Moon square Uranus, can be very difficult, so avoid getting involved in confusing conditions. Mid-day is good for making long range dreams a reality.

ARIES: You will need to think in terms of how you can put your own ideas across at work today. You will have good ideas for making more income but it will take some time to work them out.

TAURUS: Do not let a tense and difficult situation at home interfere with your work schedule. Two new money opportunities require care-ful consideration by you.

CEMINI: Do not let the long time prejudice of others keep you from expressing your talents at your work. You will have a big chance now to make money through the help of a businessman.

MOON CHILDREN: To do a good job at your work you will need to think more in terms of the actual motivations that are involved.

LEO: You will have some wonderful creative ideas, so make a point to put them in effect at once. A big opportunity is present for you to make money it you will study it carefully.

VIRGO: Distractions will make it difficult for you to do your job well so be sure to cut them out. You will be able to work out some long range plans today.

LIBRA: You will now have to find your own answers if you are to do your job more efficiently. An annoying problem about getting in

more money is now starting to gradually diminish.

SCORPIO: You will want to get away from your regular job into a new venture but instead remain steadfast. New ideas where your financial situation is concerned in now imperative.

SAGITTARIUS: It will be necessary that you work more in har-mony with everyooc you are associated with to do a good job

CAPRICORN: You are now able to do your job well without con-sulting with higher-ups so much. The more unusual the career—the more money that you can make

AQUARIUS: You have very fixed ideas about your work but they are now subject to changes without notice. A business success chudes you but it will be realised later so don't get discouraged.

PISCES: You will need to tie-up some loose ends before you will be able to go on to new conditions at your job. A hasty communication about business now could cost you a lot of money.

Today's child: If your child were born today he or she will be attuned to the loftier things in life and will be testing others to see just where they fit on the same plan of thought. Scientific, spiritucal, historical and business concerns will be uppermost in this well balanced Libra's mind.

"The stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you.

THANKS

The Al-Hussein Society for the Physically Handicapped extends its warmest and sincerest thanks to the management and staff of the MARRIOTT HOTEL for the fantastic and memorable charity train-ride and dinner dance they so expertly organised last Thursday, Sept. 21, 1989 Thanks also go to all those who participated and

made the evening a success.







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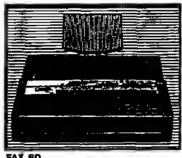
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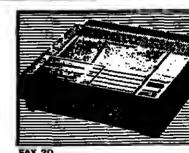
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Police break up Pretoria march

PRETORIA (AP) — Police blocked entrances to the capital Saturday, strung barbed wire down the main street, and arrested 100 people who tried to participate in an anti-apartheid march oranised by 30 women's groups.

A witness said some women who failed to quickly disperse were beaten by police with batons. In a separate incident, police arrested blacks and whites after a confrontation at the scene of a demonstration by white supremacist groups.

"It is the same as any other country in the world. People can't break the law," said Law and Order Minister Adriaan Vlok. standing among truncheon-car-rying riot police behind the barbed wire that blocked the entrance to St. Alban's Anglican Cathedral.

A two-page notice was tacked to the door of the church, saying the government had obtained a court order to stop the church service and the planned march to the union buildings, the government's administrative headquar-

, Two teargas cannon trucks

centre came to a standstill

The government banned the women's march because the organisers refused to ask for official permission, although women's groups said they had notified top. government officials, including President F.W. de Klerk, and discussed their plans with Pre-

toria traffic police. The government allowed two whilte supremacist groups to bold rallies two blocks from the catbedral at ebureb square, saying it did so because those groups had sought permission.

As the first of the right-wing meetings ended, a confrontation occurred when about 40 blacks tried to walk across the square. They were stopped by members of the Afrikaner Resistance Movement, who wear khaki uniforms and use swastika symbols.

Police began moving the blacks, who were flashing peace signs and calling out to the whites, "peace, we all have the same blood," Suddenly, the police turned

their dogs loose and began run-

parked nearby, and bundreds of police lined the streets as the city and everyone else to clear the

It was not immediately clear whether the second right-wing rally would be allowed to take place as scheduled.

Organisers of the women's march said police blocked almost all traffic from the black townships around Pretoria and roadblocks were set up at the freeway exits leading into the city from north and south, where vehicles were searched and

About 30,000 women were expected to defy the ban and try to march against apartheid, South Africa's policies of racial segrega-

About 200 women; most of them white, made their way to a park, but police arrived and ordered them to leave. They apparently did not move

quickly enough, and several were arrested. A.R. Dawood, of the Transvaal Indian Congress, said police hit some of the women with batons.

Dozens of other protesters, including men, were arrested shortly afterward when they arrived in buses at the park. They were taken away in police vans.

At the Afrikaner group's rally, about 1,500 white supremacists sang hymns and read from The Bible as bundreds of blacks looked on.

Eugene Terreblache, leader of the Afrikaner Resistance Movement, said if the government gave in to the black majority, his group would regain power for whites

One white-supremacist banner said, "apartheid — solution for aids." Another called for the hanging of Nelson Mandela, the imprisoned black leader of the African National Congress' guerrilla wing, and the release from prison of Barend Strydom, a white former policeman con-victed earlier this year of killing seven black people in a shooting spree in the centre of Pretoria.

After the Afrikaner rally, a breakaway group called the Boer Freedom Movement had planned to demonstrate at the statue of Paul Kruger, a folk hero of the Dutch-descended Afrikaners who now control the government.

Bomb hits Colombia paper count

BOGOTA (R) — A bomb exploded Friday night at an office of a leading Colombian newspaper and crusader against the country's powerful drug traffickers, a day after Colombia's Justice Minister was replaced.

The bomb badly damaged a subscriptions and advertising office of the 102-year-old newspaper El Espectador in a residential district of western Bogota, a Reuter reporter on the scene said. The newspaper's headquarters were hit by a massive bomb

three weeks ago. One guard was slightly wounded in the attack Friday and windows were blown out in a square-block area. Police said two people fled on foot after planting the bomb. The agency's manager said he

had received many telephone threats but added: "This won't affect the paper much. It was

more of a symbol."
On Sept. 2, a 90-kilogramme bomb killed one person and injured 83 others at the newspaper. Earlier Friday, Communications Minister Carlos Lemos Simmonds was given the dangerous job of running Colombia's justice ministry following the resignation

MOSCOW (AP) — Lithuanian

lawmakers challenged Moscow's

authority in both party and gov-

ernment affairs Friday with a new

law on economic independence,

just two days after party leaders

warned against further restive-

The Litbuanian Supreme

Soviet, or republic legislature.

approved a law on economic in-

dependence declaring that all natural resources in Lithuania be-

long to the republic and not to the

The official TASS news agency

reported that Lithuania's Com-

munist Party published a draft of

its own party platform that re-portedly called for a federation of

Communist parties from the 15

Soviet republics rather than a

unified party, as President

national government.

of Monica de Greiff after just two months in office.

The 32-year-old de Greiff said she resigned after President Virgilio Barco offered her a diplomatic post, which she declined. It was not immediately clear whether the change had been initiated by Barco or requested by de Greiff, the target of repeated death threats.

A presidential decree said Lemos Simmonds, a former foreign minister and ambassador to the Organisation of American States, was put in charge of the justice ministry in addition to his other duties. He was not named justice minister.

De Greiff told reporters Friday she decided to submit her resignation Thursday, two days after Barco offered her the post of ambassador to Portugal, which she declined.

"The president removes and installs ministers as he wants. The president wanted a change now and 1 am not going to start a scandal over this," she said.

Police Friday said another explosion after the newspaper bombing damaged a telephone exchange box in southern Bogota. There were no reports of injuries. The bombs brought to 24 to the number to explode in Bogota this week, the largest wave of sabotage in the capital since "the extraditables," a drugbacked group, declared war on the government a month ago.

Also Friday, the army announced the arrests of four people and said two of them confessed to taking part in the Ang. 18 assassination of a leading presidential candidate.

General Ramon Eduardo Niebles, commander of the 13th army brigade in Bogota, told reporters that one of the four owned a car that was found Thursday packed with 90 kilogrammes of dynamite outside the home of the chief of Colombia's secret police. The car bomb was defused.

Two of them confessed their direct participation," in the murder of presidential candidate Luis Carlos Galan, he said, adding they apparently acted on orders from drug traffickers.

Barco launched a tough crackdown on the country's powerful, violent drug lords hours after

Warring Cambodians agree to talks

threat of worsening civil war in Cambodia as Vietnam's troops head home, the country's war-ring factions have agreed to meet once more to try to negotiate peace, the Thai prime minis-

ter said Saturday. Prime Minister Chatichai Choophavan said that after meetings in the past two weeks with leaders of Cambodia's three guerrilla factions and Phnom Penh Premier Hun Sen, all of the parties had agreed to future talks.

But the time and place of the talks had yet to be settled, he

"We cannot let the Cambodian fighting go on any longer. If a civil war happens, Thailand will have to bear a greater burden of Cambodian refugees," Chatichai said.

He said Prince Norodom Sihanouk, head of the resistance coalition, had suggested the meeting be held in Bangkok, Jakarta, Indonesia, or Paris. Chatichai said he favoured the last two informal meetings between the factions were held.

Paris was the site last month of an international conference that failed to find a solution to the Cambodian war. Among the participants were the four war-

ring groups. Sihanouk suggested the new talks include the members of the Association of South-East Asian Nations (ASEAN), France, Vietnam, and the four Cambodian factions. He would attend too, he said

Chatichai said Sihanouk urged that the meeting concentrate on the formation of an international control body in Combodia.

The international body proposed by the guerrillas would be responsible for verifying Vietnam's withdrawal from Cambodia and supervising a ceasefire and the deployment of a peacekeeping force.

Vietnam says the last of its troops, which entered Cambo-dia in late 1978 to oust the

Khmer Rouge and install a sympathetic government, will be out of the country by midnight Sept. 26. But the guerrillas contend Hanoi will leave thousands be-

hind disguised as Cambodians. Chatichai said Hun Sen is willing to accept the involve-ment of the United Nations in forming an international body

In the past, Hun Sen has opposed U.N. involvement because the world body recognises the guerrillas as the legitimate government in Cambodia, not his own.

Chatichai said Thai Foreign Minister Siddhi Savetsila would brief Indonesian Foreign Minister Ali Alatas and ASEAN ministers on results of the Bangkok talks while he is in New York for the U.N. General Assembly meeting this week. Chatichai said he would sug-

gest to Alatas that the new meeting be held as soon as possible. ASEAN is made up of Thailand, Brunei, the Philippines, Indonesia, Malaysia and

ingapore. The Thai army's commander in-chief, General Chavalit Yongchaiyudh, said Hun Sen's willingness to involve the United Nations in the peace process had been a major boost in making the new meeting possible.

Chavalit said he did not see who could win the Cambodian civil war, and echoed Chatichai's concern for the safety of the Thais living near the Cambodian war zone.

"We do not want to see our school children having to run away from builets and artillery," he said. "Even if the meeting doesn't succeed we want them to stop fighting. That's why we invited them here." Thailand also is concerned

about an increase in the number

of refugees along its frontier

should fighting escalate inside Mikbail S. Gorbachev de-Cambodia. Nearly 300,000 refugees now live along the fronmanded. Asked in a telephone interview whether he expected the Lithuanian party programme to conflict with Moscow's degree, national parliamentarian Mecys Laurinkus

Lithuania challenges

Moscow on two fronts

TASS noted that Gorbachev, who closed the long-delayed party Central Committee meeting on ethnie relations Wednesday, had said that a federation of parties "would mean an end to our party in the form in which it was founded by Lenin, and would strike an irreparable blow to socialism."

Those who would follow this road, would take on themselves a heavy responsibility before the party and the people," bachev said at the closed meeting, according to TASS.

Gorbachev and the Central Committee warned the Baltic republics a month ago that separatists were leading them into an abyss. The Soviet leader said in opening the Central Committee meeting Tuesday that separatist "demagogues" could not be

TASS reported that the Lithuanian party programme published Friday in Lithuanian, Russian and Polish declared that the Republic Party was separating itself from the past of Stalinism repression said, "Of course, I'm convinced

and dogmatic Marxism-Leninism Laurinkus and other members of the independent Lithuanian political movement called Sajudis said the Lithuanian Supreme Soviet enacted a decree on economic independence that was made several months ago.

They said they expected conflicts with Moscow on that front as well, but it was unclear how severe they would be. At the first session of the national Supreme Soviet Parliament this summer. Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia won the right to develop much greater economic independence beginning Jan. 1.

The national Communist Party platform on ethnic relations approved in Moscow Wednesday recognises republics' rights to own the natural resources on their territory. But Lithuanian legislators said

there likely would be differences interpretation that must be worked out by the fall session of the national Supreme Soviet. which begins Monday.

Wedding will go on despite disasters

WILMINGTN, North Carolina (AP) - Constance Bland had heard all the horror stories about what could go wrong in the days before her wedding. But in her wildest dreams she never expected her groom to be in a plane crash. Or a hurricane to wipe out both her honeymoon plans and the hotel arrangements for outof-town guests. Barring further disaster, Saturday's wedding will go on. "I'm so stressed out right now, there's no way I could handle planning this again." Bland said late Thursday as Hurricane Hugo approached the South Carolina coast. "If I can just walk down that aisle with 10 people in the church, I'll be happy." Her fiance, Tom Newberry, a New York City banker, was a passenger on the USAIR jetliner that plunged into New York's East River late Wednesday after an aborted takeoff from Laguardia airport. Two women were killed. The plane had been en route to Charlotte. Newberry, 27, survived the crash and was reportedly driving to Wilmington for the wedding. Newberry crawled out of the wrecked plane and clung to a piling in the water with other passengers until rescuers arrived.

Global weather

(major world cities)

T T T T Weethe PARIS 14 57 23 72 Clear

Weakened Hugo dashes north

CHARLESTON, South Carolina (AP) — Hurricane Hugo has devastated one of the nation's most historic and picturesque cities, killed at least l'1 people in the Carolinas and caused \$1 bil-

bon in damage. "There's just destruction everywhere," said Charleston Mayor Joseph P. Riley, who imposed a 6 p.m. to 7 a.m. (2200 GMT to 1100 GMT) curfew. He said Friday it is a "disaster of extraordinary dimensions."

Riley estimated damage at \$1 billion in the city of 65,000 people.

President George Bush declared seven counties a federal disaster area, which makes federal aid available for such things as temporary bousing, low-cost loans for rebuilding and grants for repairing roads, bridges and other public structures.

"It's going to be miraculous if we don't have a heavy loss of life," Governor Carroll Campbell of South Carolina said Friday. "It is the worst storm, the worst disaster. I've ever seen any-

Hugo hit Charleston with full fury before being downgraded to a tropical storm at 6 a.m. (1000 GMT) Friday. 1t weakened as it headed inland to the north, losing all characteristics of a tropical

storm although the system had

maximum sustained winds of 65 kilometres per hour. The last location given by federal officials for the storm was in western Pennsylvania at a latitude of 40.5 degrees north and longitude 81 degrees west. Officials said there would be no furth-

er tracking. Ten of the U.S. deaths from the storm were in South Carolina and on - a six-month-old baby was in North Carolina.

Hugo devastated a string of Caribbean resort islands beginning early Sunday. There were 20 confirmed deaths in the Caribbean, but an official on Puerto Rico said the death toll for the region was 26 people. About 50,000 people were left homeless in the region.

The centre of the storm advanced farther westward than expected, targeting eastern Ohio. western Pennsylvania and western New York before it was expected to wear itself out in

It was moving to the north at 48 kilometres per hour. A hurricane is a heat engine fuelled by warm, moist air over open oceans. When these giant storms hit land, they lose thier wallop, although they can still manage considerable bluster.

China pursue reform under set conditions

PEKING (AP) — China will continue pursuing reforms, but only those that enhance the Communist Party and improve socialism, party chief Jiang Zemin said

A front-page editorial in the People's Daily, the party newspaper, also assured the continuation of the open-door policy while maintaining the need to follow the party's directives.

The paper said China's goals are to develop socialism and liberate productive forces, which can be achieved only through the open-door policy. This cannot be done unless

the closed-door system is destroyed and the ossified ways changed," it said. "We must never return to the old, closed Jiang's statement was made at a meeting of local party organisa-

tions and model party workers attended by other top leaders. including Premier Li Peng and President Yang Shangkun, the official Xinhua News Agency reported. The People's Daily editorial acknowledged that there are worries in China and abroad that the

open-door policies.

The crackdown began with the June 3-4 attack on pro-democracy demonstrators in Peking in which hundreds, perhaps thousands, of civilians were killed. The People's Daily made it.

clear that the reform and opendoor policies supported by China's leaders does not mean the nation would become capitalist or adopt Western. It also maintained that the poli-

cies cannot be divorced from correct political ideology and the leadership of the of the party. The editorial said that while maintaining the general policy of

reform and opening up, China's leaders could change specific policies or methods. While stressing the need to attack "bougeois bberalism," or Western liberal ideas. Li cautioned against taking it to an

He also said there was nothing wrong with letting some people get rich first, a reference to the economic reforms that have brought a degree of prosperity to some farmers and private entrep-

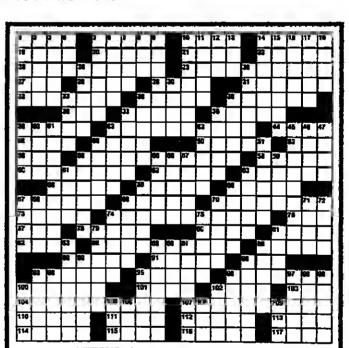
crackdown on dissent, with its However, he added that the renewed emphasis on ideology degree of China's open-door poliand campaign against Western cy would depend "bberal ideas, could mean an end to control things." cy would depend 'on our ability

THE Sunday Crossword

WINGED WORDS By Bernice Gordon

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_	kia	60 Puts into office	89 Incites	115 Formicary
31	Gultarist	62 fL physicist	91 Double curves	occupents
	Segovia	83 Lodger	92 Joanne of film	116 Campus VIPs
32	Swears (to)	64 Should	93 Bristly: var.	11? Hings
	DOWN			
1	lemel)	30 Reo or Edsel	54 Tantrum	83 Thin cloth
2	White bird	33 Peer	throwers	85 Abuses
3	Respond	34 Be trugal	55 Like some walls	86 Culture medium
	Quagmire	35 Fastens with a	58 Flowering shrub	87 Criticized
	Loops in a rope	, bend	57 Ms Burstyn	88 Musical Lopez
	Colobes exert	37 Dr. Jones and	69 Sometimes it is	90 Crows
7	Untidy person	Laurilly	brober	92 Air currents
5	Musician Paul	38 Feather	61 Amazon native	63 Buddhist shrine
	Everlesting	39 Songs for one	63 Wads	94 Boo-boo
	Number	48 Atop	65 ley	95 Wheat type
	Ger. astronomer	41 Actress Peggy	65 Non-believer	96 inert gas
	Hockey's Bobby	in very	67 Poised 88 Draft status	97 NV fake 98 "— for Adano"
	Squeel on Picturesque	captions? 42 Musical	69 Some bornes	99 Far back in
	Centers	direction	70 Wall hanging	time
	Fragrances	43 Kicks	71 Markdown event	106 Ret
	Formal	45 Donald the	72 Force out	102 Swenson of
	reception	musician?	74 Flies	"Benson"
18	Very: Fr.	45 Knowledge	79 - Park, CO	188 Edible tuber
24	Demi—	47 — and terminer	79 Beloved of	188 Sister
29	City on the Rio	49 Afr. VIP	Trietram	108 Intense anger

24 Demi— 29 City on the Rio Grande	47 — and terminer 49 Afr. VIP 51 Hernana	79 Beloved of Trietram 91 As an example	188 Sister 108 Intense anger 109 Vessel: abbr.
Diagramless 19 ;			
ACROSS 1 Yielded land 6 Chemlet's workshop 9 Sped 19 Alone 11 Relished 12 Termegent 13 "— we all?" 14 Liquid measures: abbr. 16 Ecta 19 Hoods' guns 20 Pracise	22 Sword 23 Fruit drink 24 Slight shaking 25 Former 28 Shald 29 Mocking 31 Alluring woman 32 Divisions: abbr. 34 Actuate 36 On 39 Area of river assignment	40 Showed on TV again 42 Peruse 43 Muse of poetry 44 Minimal 48 Stair 48 Gaffes 52 Irogolan 56 Good poettion 57 Recentation 59 Delve 60 — Hope Crews	51 Gourd 92 Brand 55 Fr. river 54 Neck part 55 Laminated rock 66 Phase 67 See cow 68 Eddriy 70 Mangled 71 Carried out 72 Sounded like a crow
DOWN 1 Much desired 2 Short jectots 3 Storell arrow 4 Summer: Fr. 5 Los Angeles player 9 Peter of horror films 7 To shelter 6 Curtsy ith 9 March 10 Shelter from the sun 11 Epics	12 Outpouring 16 Chopped down 18 Disabled 17 Twenty 19 Certain Europeen 21 Stamble 22 Reproves harshy 24 Mosque 27 Enthasisutc 28 Performer with llone 30 Gawk	32 City near San Francisco 35 Burdened 37 Siver-longued spanker 38 Eucharlet plate 41 Stangy negative 45 — Ant 48 Number of Rome's hills 47 Musclet refrein 49 Outspoken 50 Entice 51 Decisi	52 Thought 64 Phoned 65 Concur 65 Whittled 58 Leiding blood 80 Spitted the punch 68 Afan Leid picture 63 Wise men 69 Over on the 80 Craze 68 Parseghlan



Last Week's Cryptograms

4. Dela vu is just form of our nostuigia, illuminating loved events

CBYPTOGRAMS I. ELIABP MCJJP ACP HWBK OWEJP AIAR HW BIKE IJE BIDETLE IH OWCJHEP MITE

2. QCKQ DYBCGGK SME FRDXRK QRCAMYF 1AZH ZYFRMQB BIXZUIHS: "YZAZH XMYE UBZHZ IH UBZY — UBI SYIUQ UBI IH

-By Margaret McKeever Ettert 3 XWALK XCNA NUO XSTENCH EPNWMPE EN UCCUESEL NOXSTENCH KLBELK NX BLSCGH

4. YUM CMPY WMQN HE WA XSEEA YSYRYVI KQXM HP PYIHKYND XYI YUM CHIRPL

-By Berbera J. Russ





WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

Co-pilot pushed wrong button

NEW YORK (AP) - The co-pilot of the USAIR jet that crashed into a river, killing two people, inadvertently pushed a button that caused the 737-400 to decelerate, federal officials said Friday after interviewing the cockpit crew. The plane began to veer to the left and the pilot, feeling a vibration, then aborted the takeoff Wednesday night, said James Kohlstad, acting administrator of the National Transportation Safety Board. "He initiated the abort because of the drift," he said. Kohlstad said the plane has automatic throttles, triggered by pushing a button that will accelerate the aircraft to a predetermined speed for takeoff. The co-pilot inadvertently hit the disengage button and the pilot jumped in to move the throttle manually, Kohlstad said. But the plane started drifting to the left, he said. "The pilot felt and heard a vibration which concerned him," he said. The co-pilot, meanwhile, told investigators he was looking out the front window when he realised the captain was going to abort the flight, Kohlstad said.

irving Berlin dead at 101

NEW YORK (AP) - Songwriter Irving Berlin, who celebrated his adopted homeland with memorable melodies and simple but heartfelt lyrics in such standards as "God Bless America" and "White Christmas," died Friday night. He was 101. Berlin died in his sleep at 5:30 p.m. (2130 GMT), said his son-in-law, Alton E. Peters. Asked if Berlin had been ill, Peters said: "No, he was 101 years old. ...he just fell asleep." Peters said nurses were with Berlin when be died, but no family members were present. An actor, singer, and songwriter, Berlin began his career in the early days of vaudeville and his songs for a time so dominated the stage and screen that the late composer, Jerome Kern, said: "Berlin has no piace in American music. He is American music." Bill Hartgrove, evening manager at the Frank Campbell funeral home in New York City, said services would be private. Berlin, along with 11 other U.S. immigrants, received a medal from then-President Ronald Reagan during the Statue of Liberty centennial celebra-

FDA worried over sleeping pill

proportion to the drug's market share.

WASHINGTON (R) — Food and Drug Administration (FDA) officials said Friday they were worried about side effects reported by users of the world's best-selling sleeping pill. Doctor Paul Leber of the FDA said the drug, Halcion, "has been the subject of recurring waves of adverse reports since its introduction into the domestic market." Leber told the agency's psychopharmacological drugs advisory committee, a panel of outside experts, that the agency was seeking its advice because it did not know how to interpret the side-effect reports. Another FDA official, Charles Aneilo, called the reports "something to be concerned about." He said reports of amnesia, anxiety, hallucinations, confusion, intentional injury and seizures have been recorded for Halcion far out of